

Influence of nonlinear waves on sandbar migrations using Monte Carlo simulations



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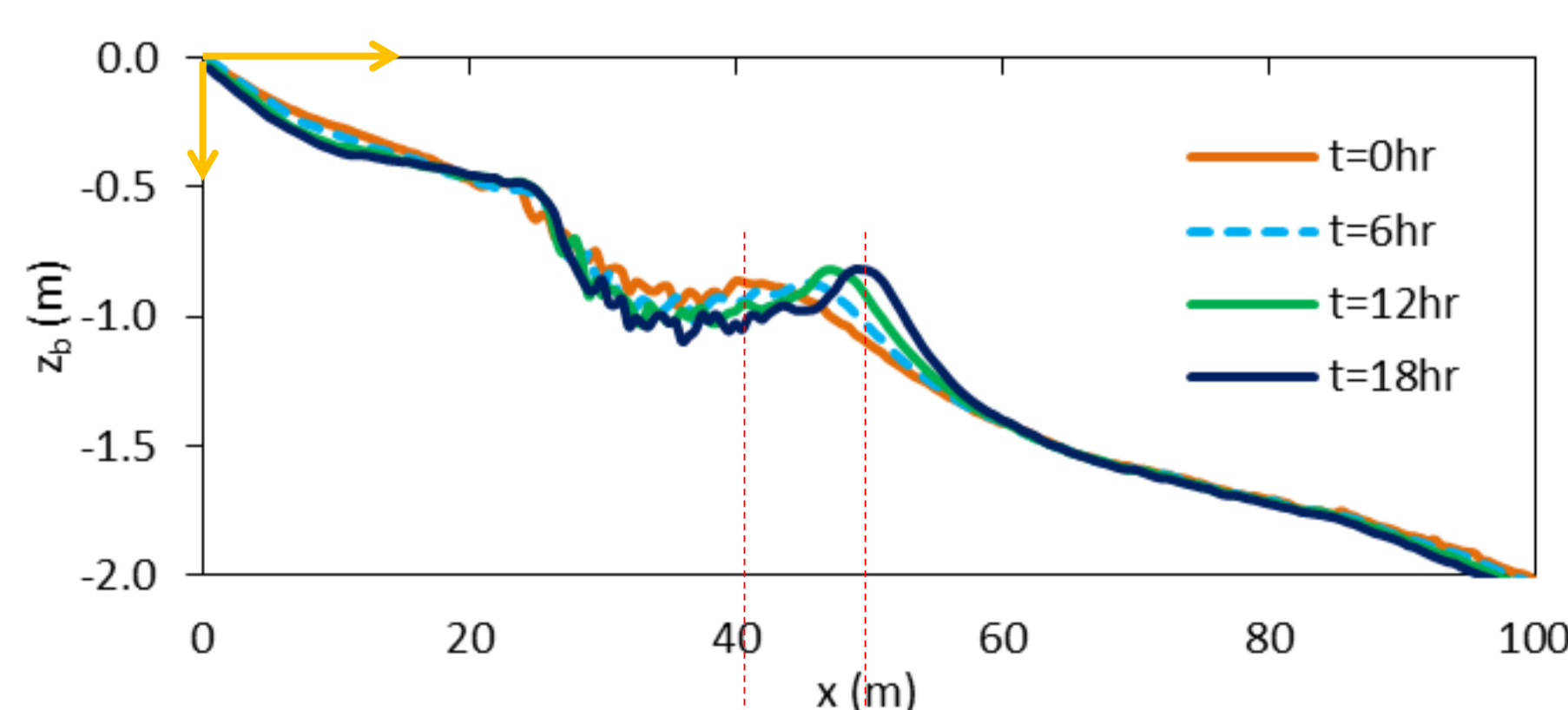
Objectives

- Increase the understanding of cross-shore sediment transport processes under combined nonlinear waves and currents;
- Assess the ability of (practical) sediment transport models to predict beach profile evolutions;
- Validate a morphodynamic model, using observed beach profile evolutions of the European project "Large Installations Plan - LIP" (Arcilla et al., 1994);
- Investigate the influence of the wave asymmetry and skewness on the beach profile evolution using Monte Carlo simulations;

LIP Experiments

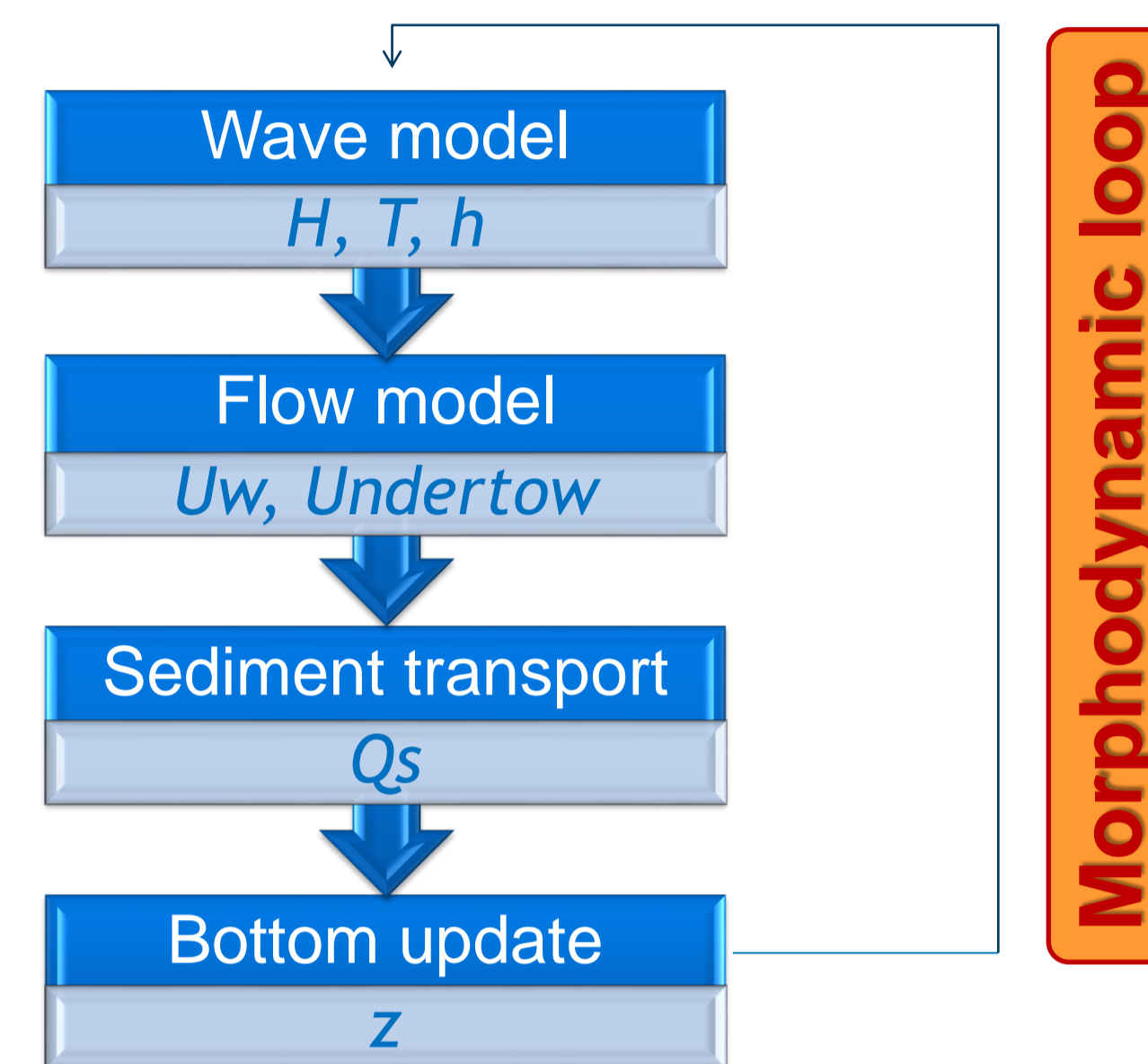
LIP 1B

Irregular waves:
 $H_s=1.4$ m,
 $T_p=5$ s
 $d_{50}=0.22$ mm
 → **Erosive conditions**



Breaker bar in the surf zone grows and migrates offshore (18h simulation).

Methodology



Wave model

Parameterization of wave skewness and asymmetry (Ruessink et al., 2012):

- Input: H, T, h → r – index of skewness or nonlinearity
 ϕ – waveform parameter
- Ursel Number, non-linearity parameter.

$$U_r = \frac{3}{8} \frac{Hk}{(kh)^3}$$

$$B = p_1 + \frac{p_2 - p_1}{1 + \exp\left(\frac{p_3 - \log U_r}{p_4}\right)}$$

Parameter	Proposed value	95% confidence interval
p_1	0	–
p_2	0.857	± 0.016
p_3	-0.471	± 0.025
p_4	0.297	± 0.021
p_5	0.815	± 0.055
p_6	0.672	± 0.073

Nonlinear free stream velocity, $u_\infty(t)$, parameterized by (Abreu et al., 2010):

$$u(t) = U_w f \frac{\sin(\omega t) + \frac{r \sin \phi}{1 + \sqrt{1-r^2}}}{[1 - r \cos(\omega t + \phi)]}$$

Sediment transport

Meyer-Peter Müller type formula (Nielsen, 2006)

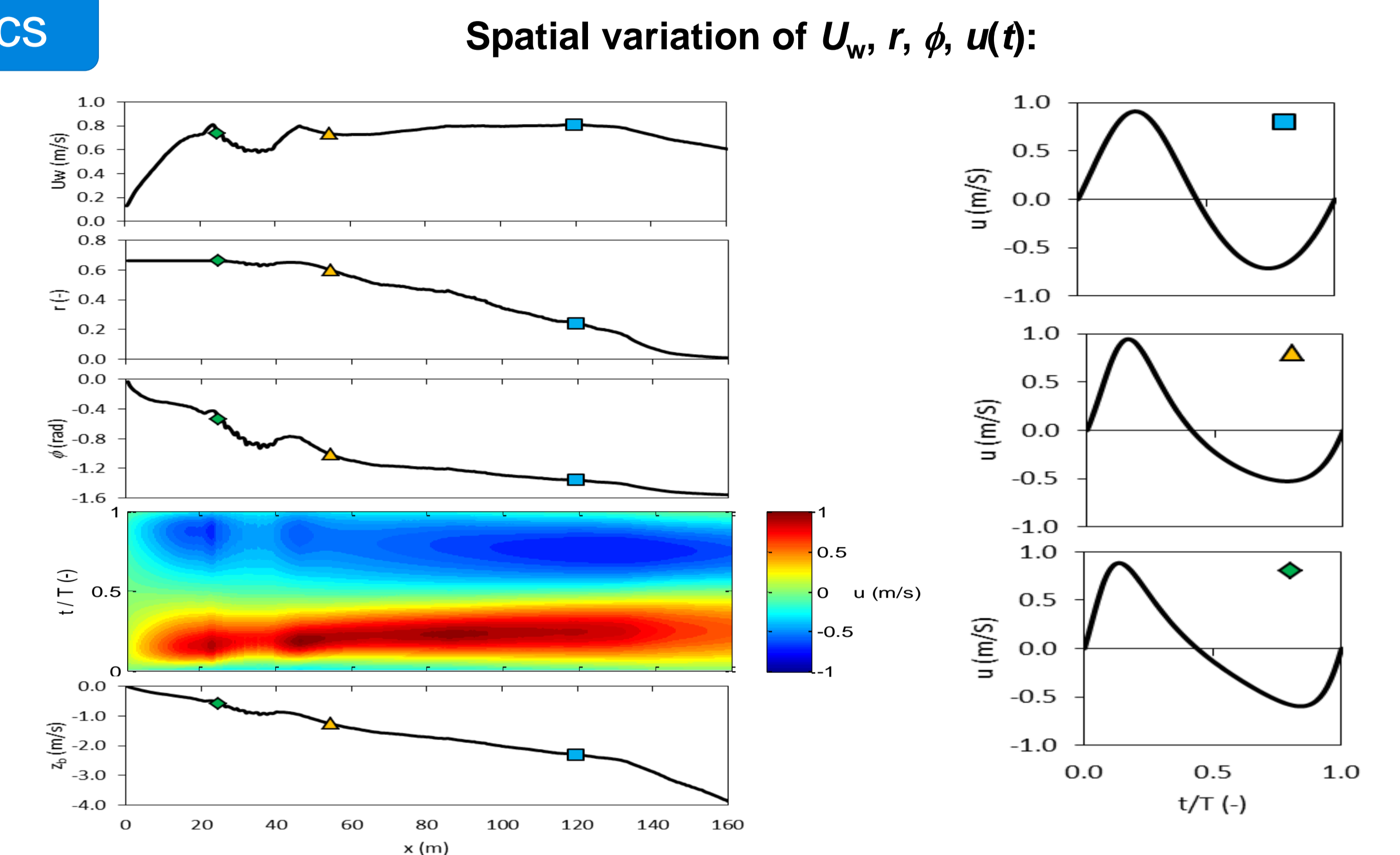
$$q_s = 12 \sqrt{(s-1)gd^3} (\theta(t) - \theta_{cr}) \sqrt{\theta(t)} u_* / |u_*|$$

bed shear stress predictor (Abreu et al., 2013):

$$u_* (t) = \sqrt{\frac{f_w}{2}} (\cos(\phi) u(t) - \sin(\phi) \mathcal{H}(u(t)))$$

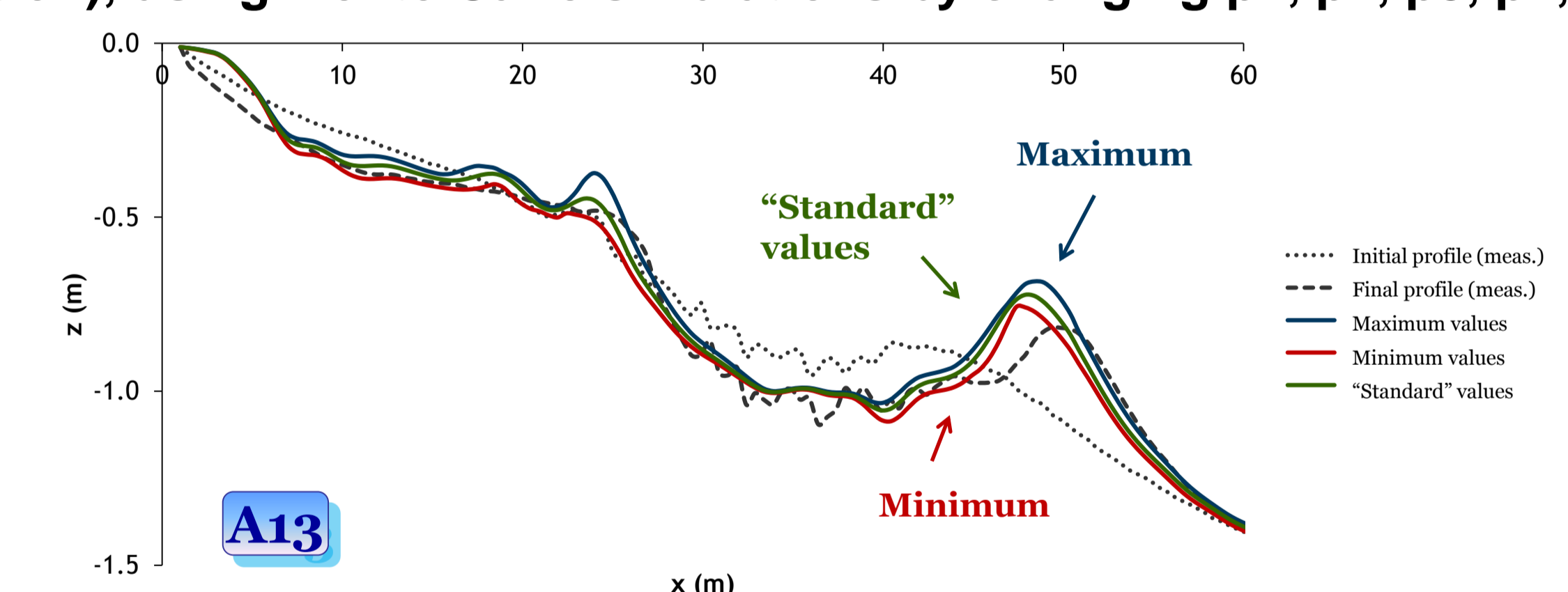
Results

Hydrodynamics



Computed profiles

Influence of the variations of non-linear parameters (wave asymmetry and skewness) in the sandbar evolution (18h simulation), using Monte Carlo simulations by changing $p_1, p_2, p_3, p_4, p_5, p_6$.



Conclusions

- The numerical results of a morphodynamic model are compared against the observed beach profile evolutions of the experiment LIP1B.
- The parameterizations of Abreu et al. (2010) and Ruessink et al. (2012) provide a good characterization of the flow characteristics.
- The ability of a simple practical sand transport model is examined to reproduce the seaward migration of the sand bar.
- Using variations in the parameters proposed by Ruessink et al. (2012) through Monte Carlo method does not lead to significant changes in the sandbar evolution.

References

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