

# Antarctic penguins and climate change.

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FONDATION  
**TOTAL**



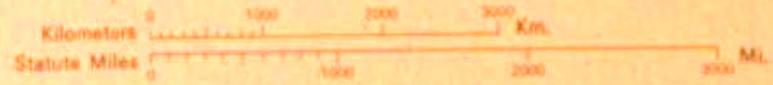
European Geosciences Union. GIFT workshop  
Austria Center Vienna, 6 April 2011

**DRIVE SLOWLY**



**CROSSING**

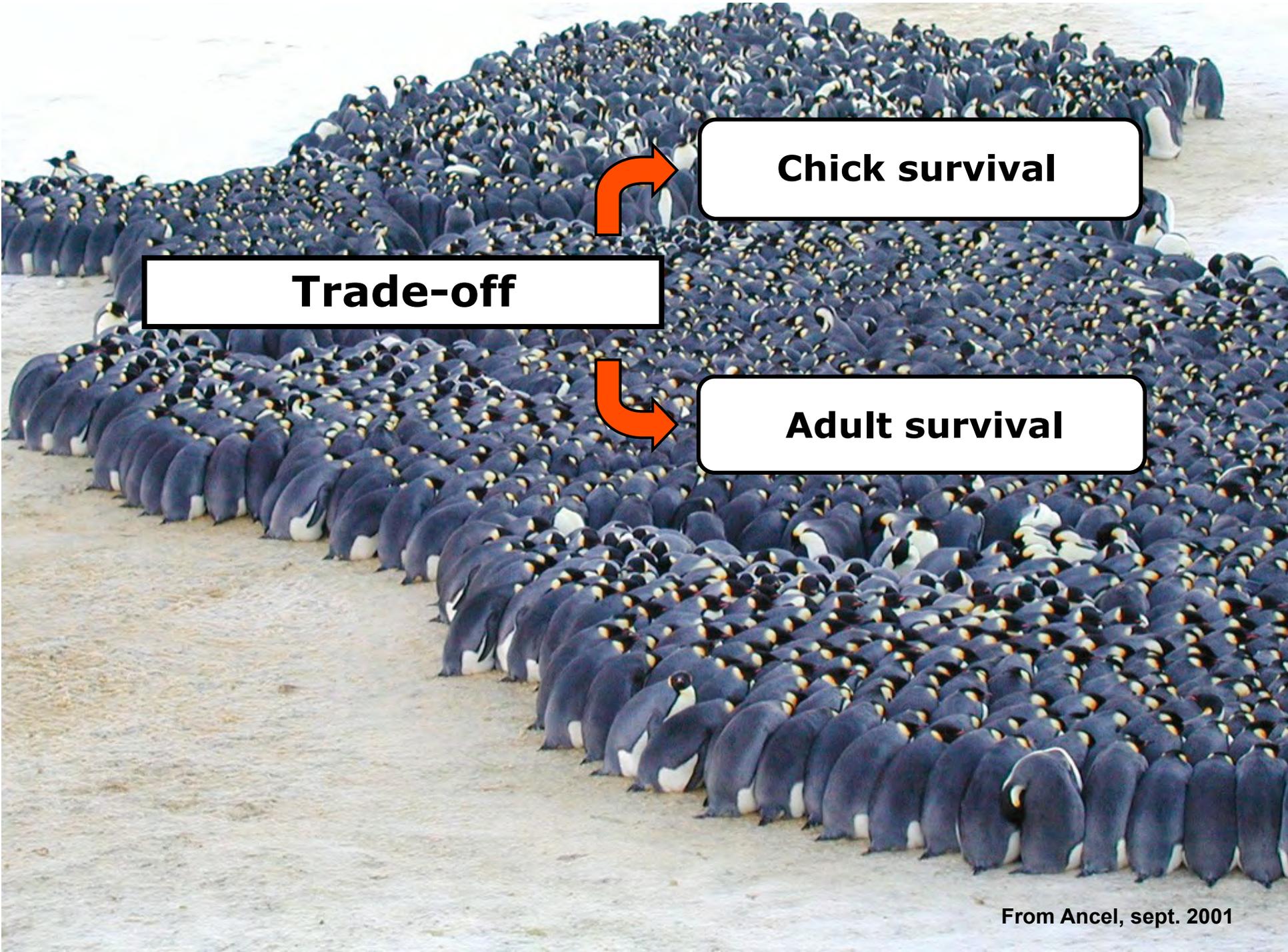
MADE & ERICATED BY BRUYS ISLAND AREA SCHOOL 1971



One centimeter represents 750 kilometers.  
 One inch represents approximately 1200 miles.  
 Robinson Projection  
 Scale 1:75,000,000







**Chick survival**

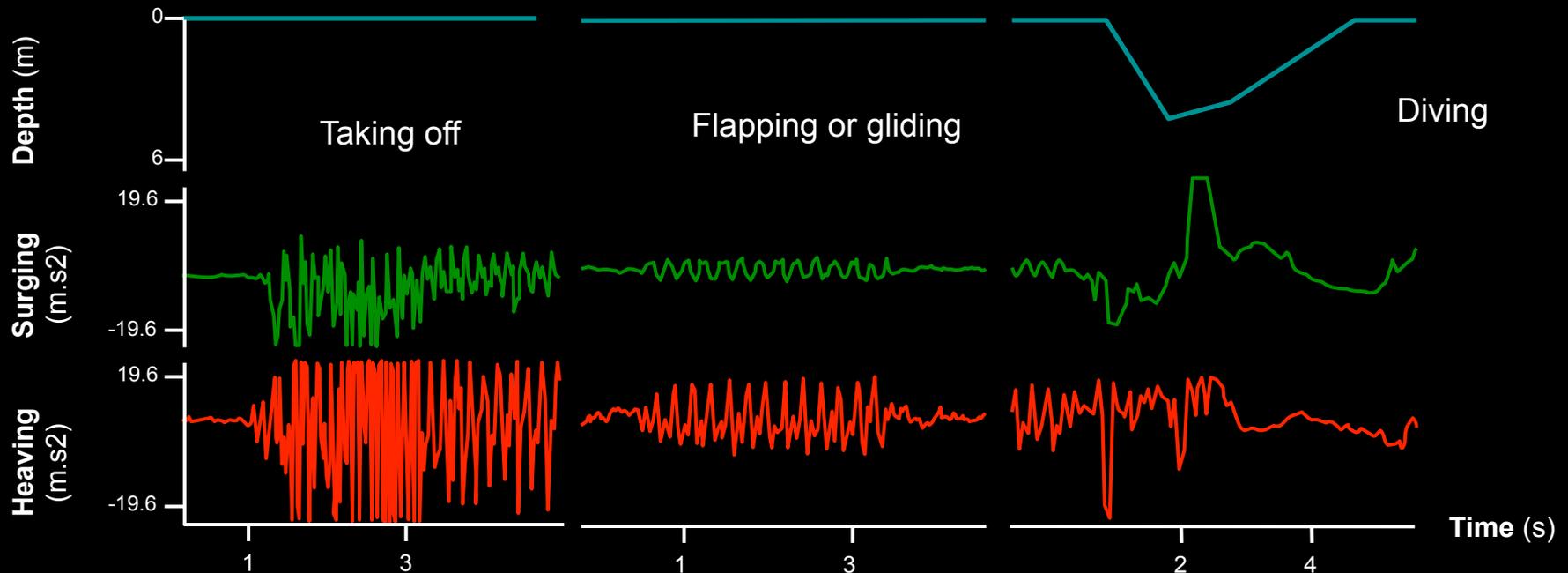
**Trade-off**

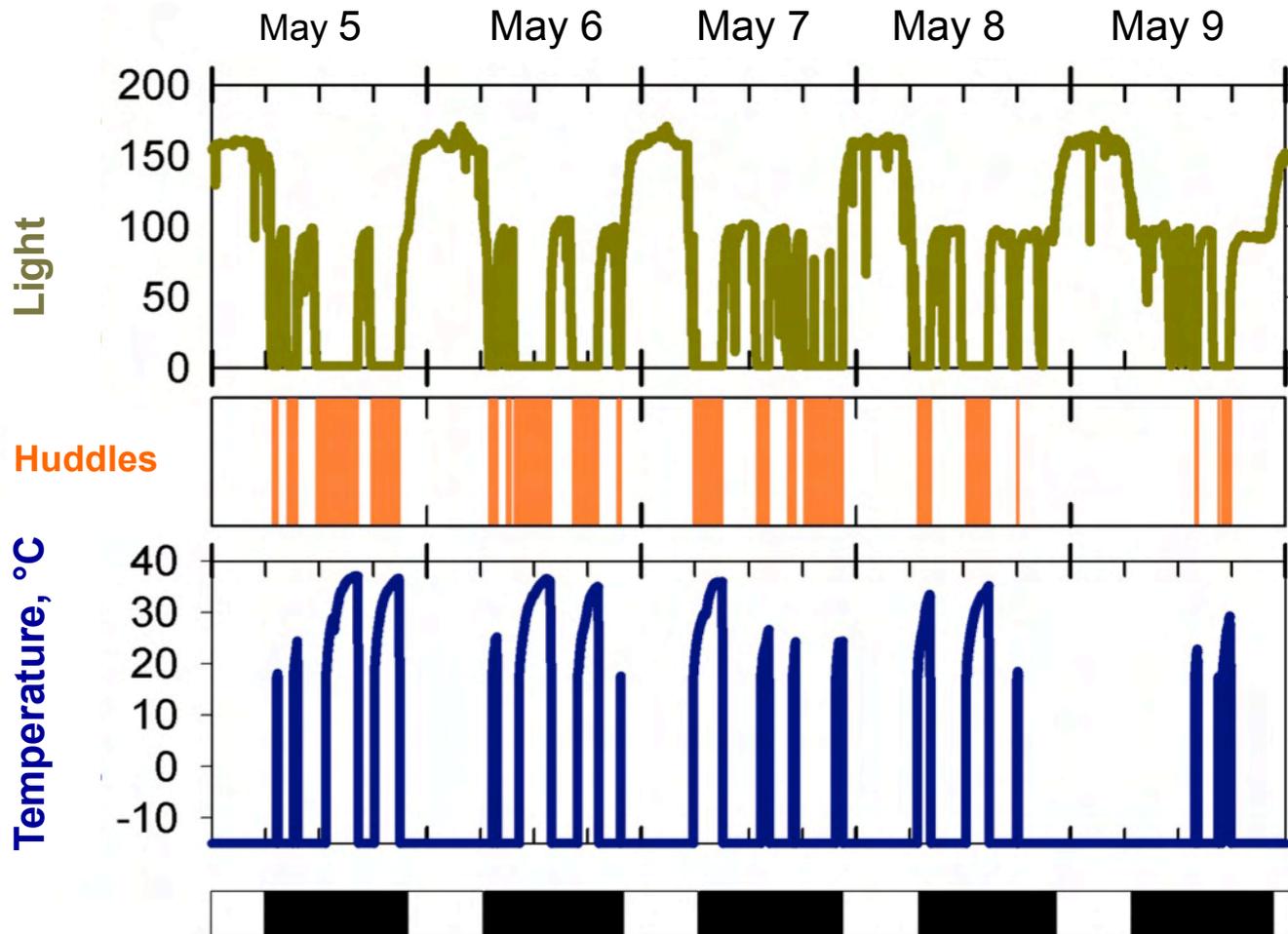
**Adult survival**

# Bio-logging

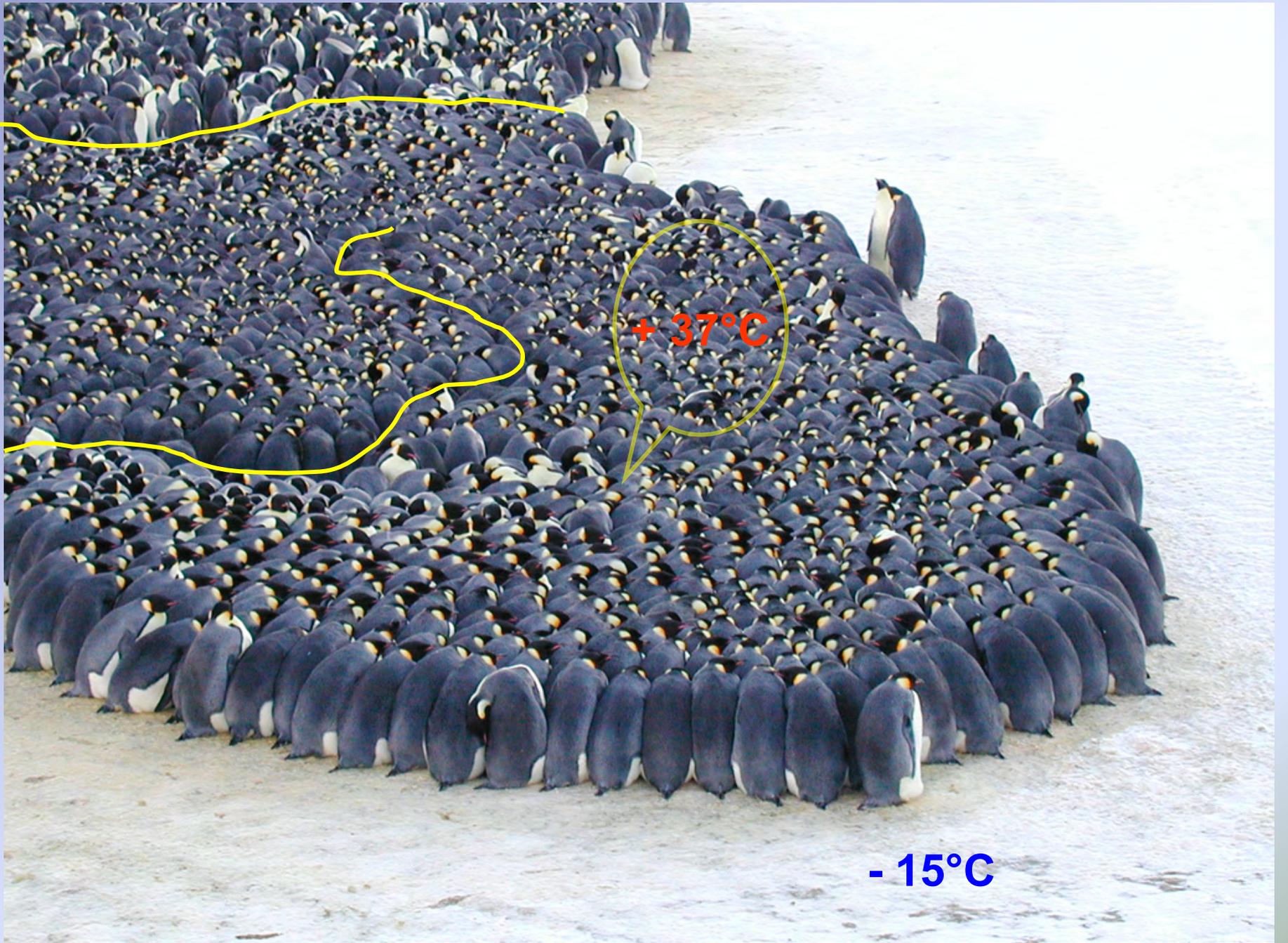


Example: accelerometry and pressure.





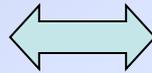
From Gilbert et al., *Physiology and Behaviour* 88: 479-488, 2006.

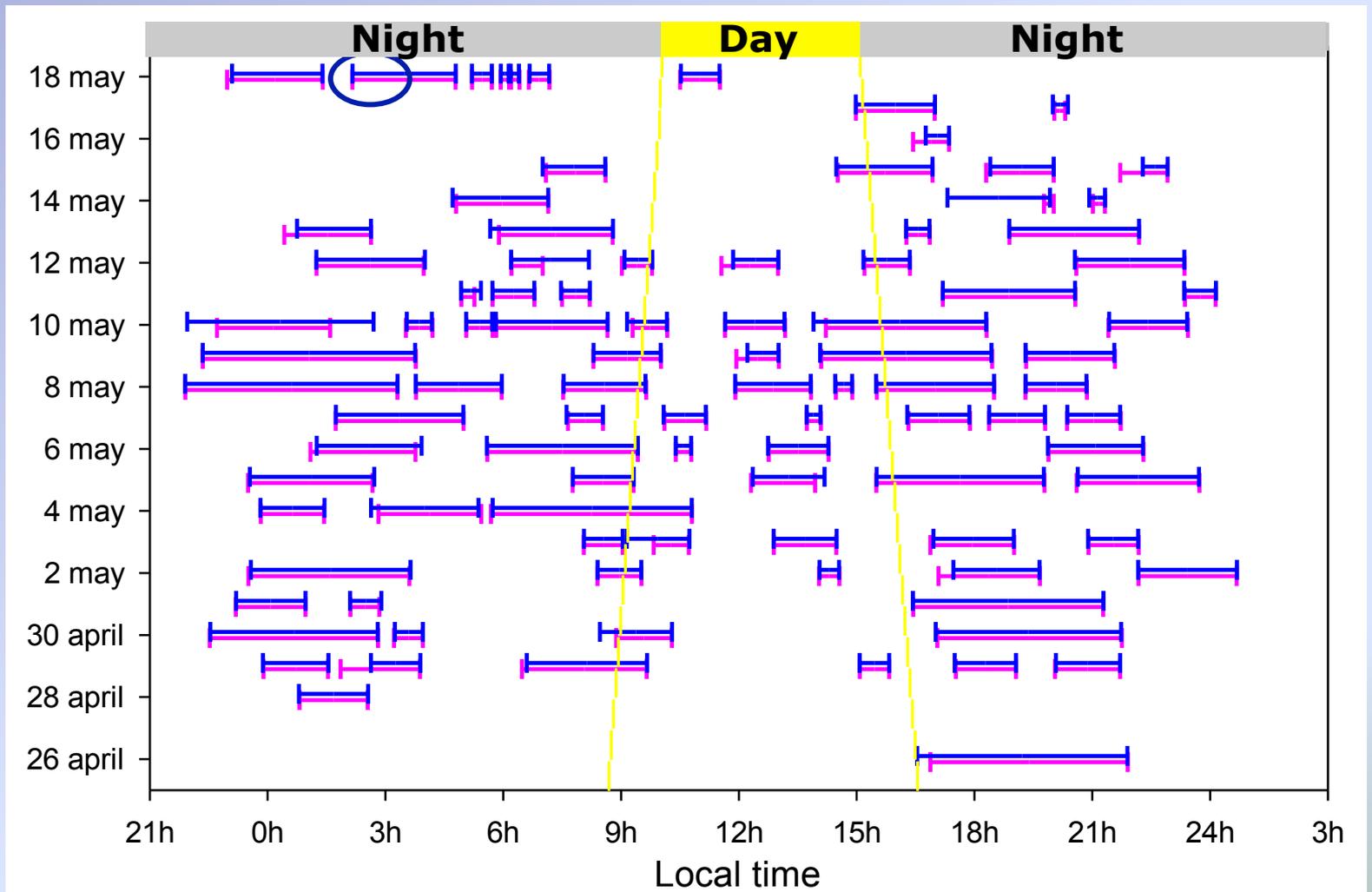


+ 37°C

- 15°C

Huddle duration: 1h30

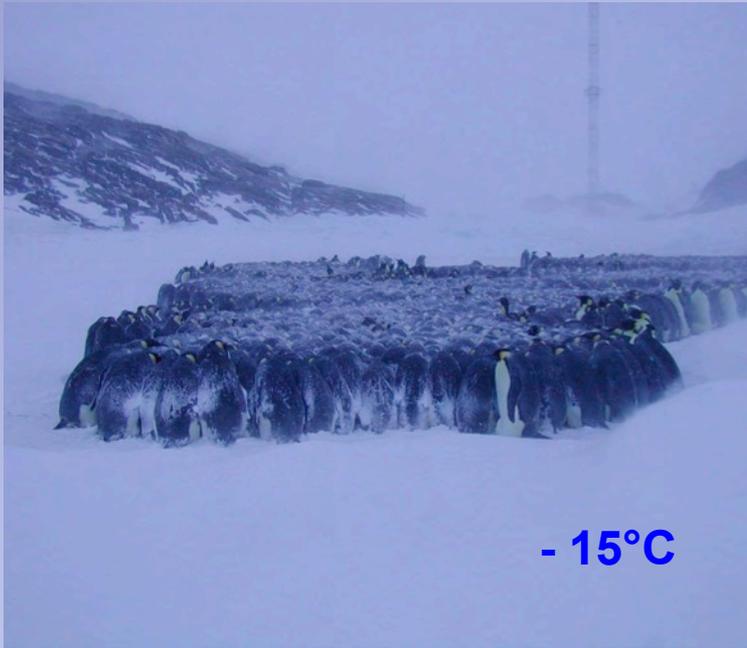






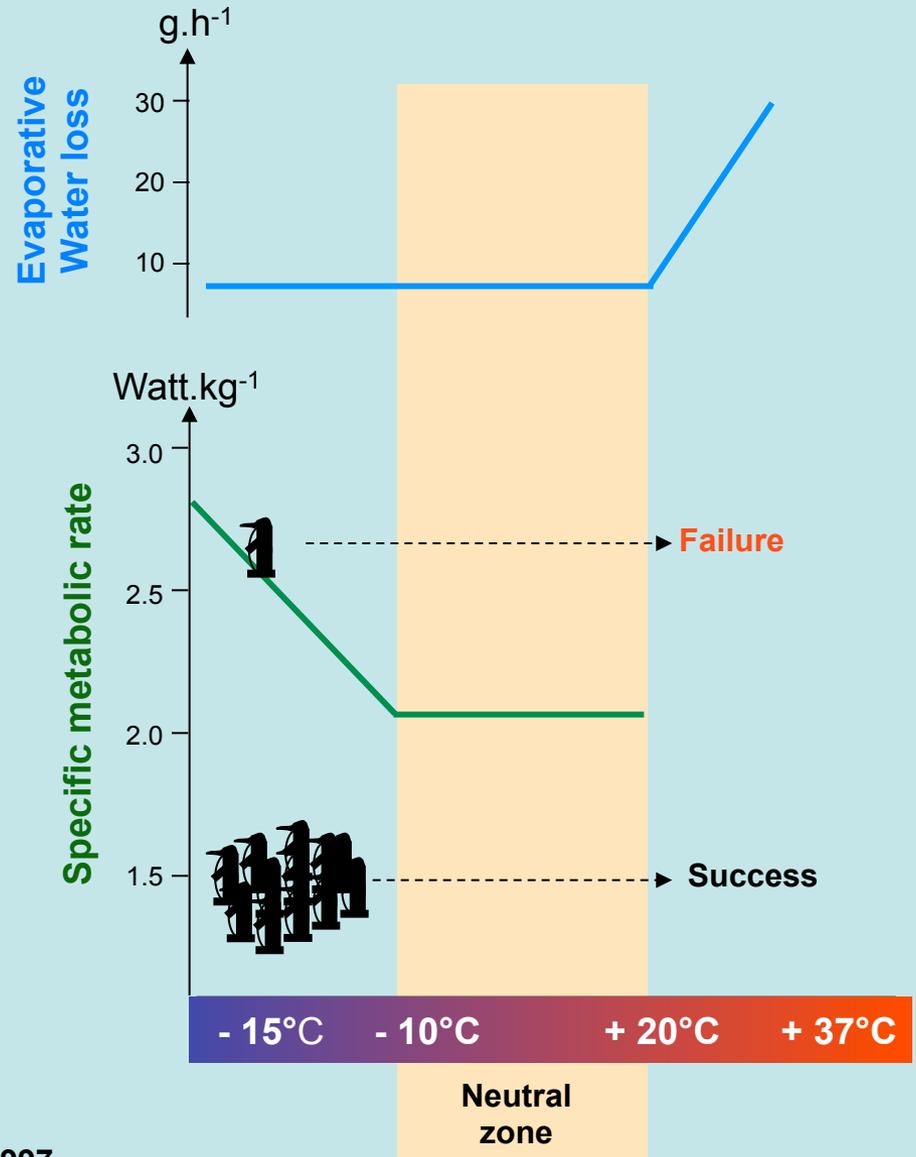




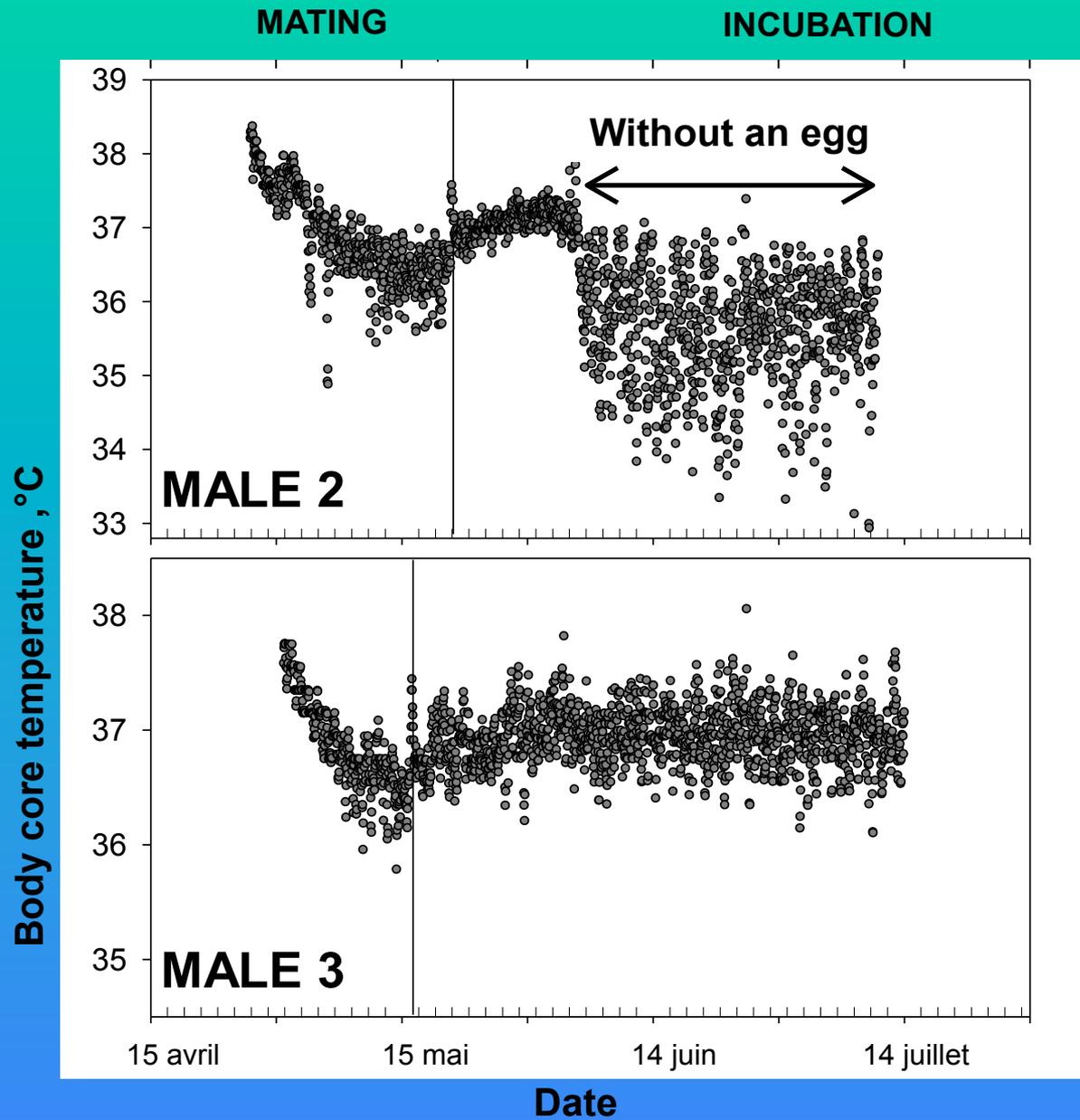


- 15°C

*Huddling emperor penguins*



Ancel et al. *Nature* 1997  
 Pinshow et al. *Am. J. Physiol.* 1976



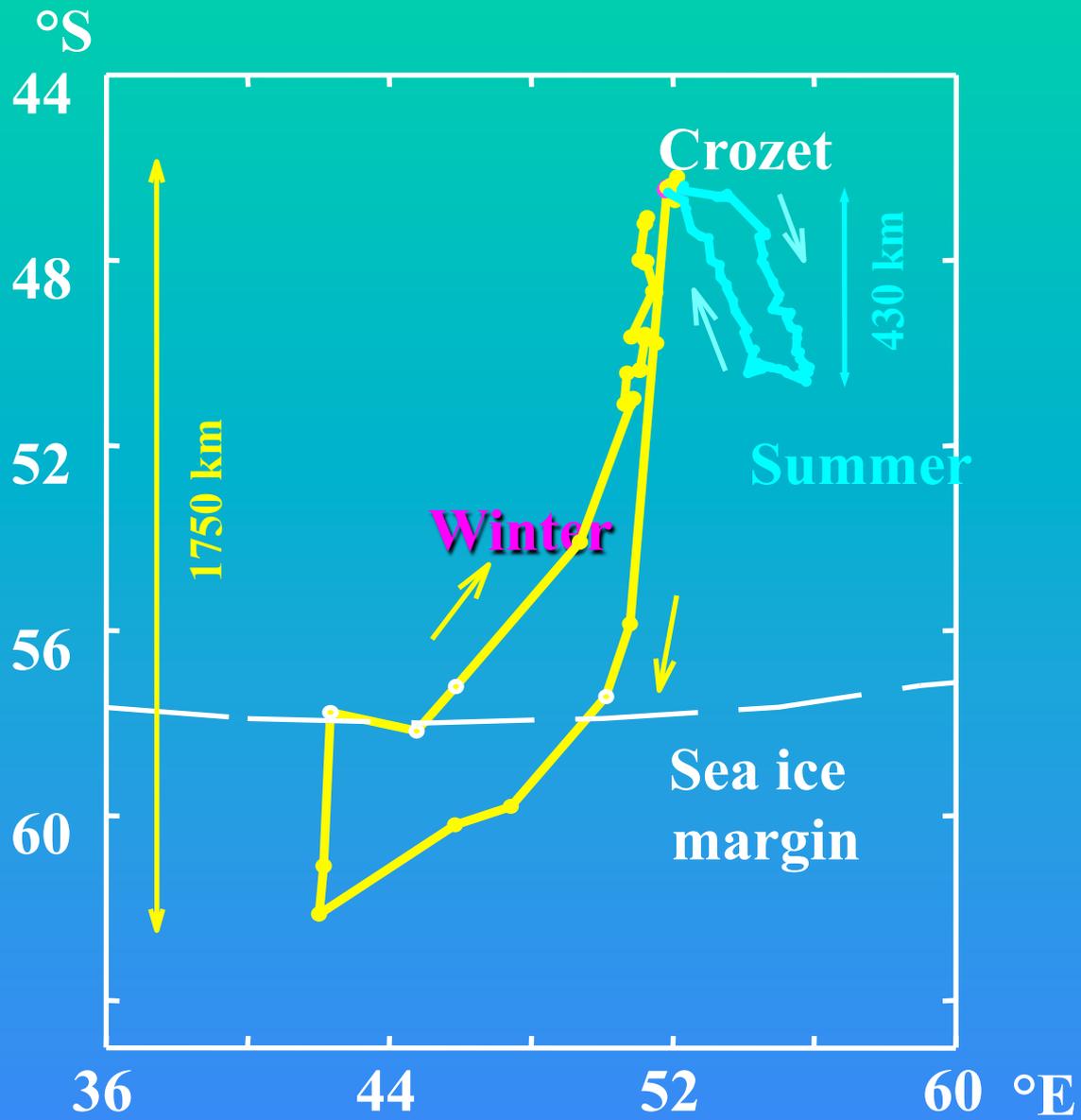


**What about king penguins,  
which live in a warmer environment?**

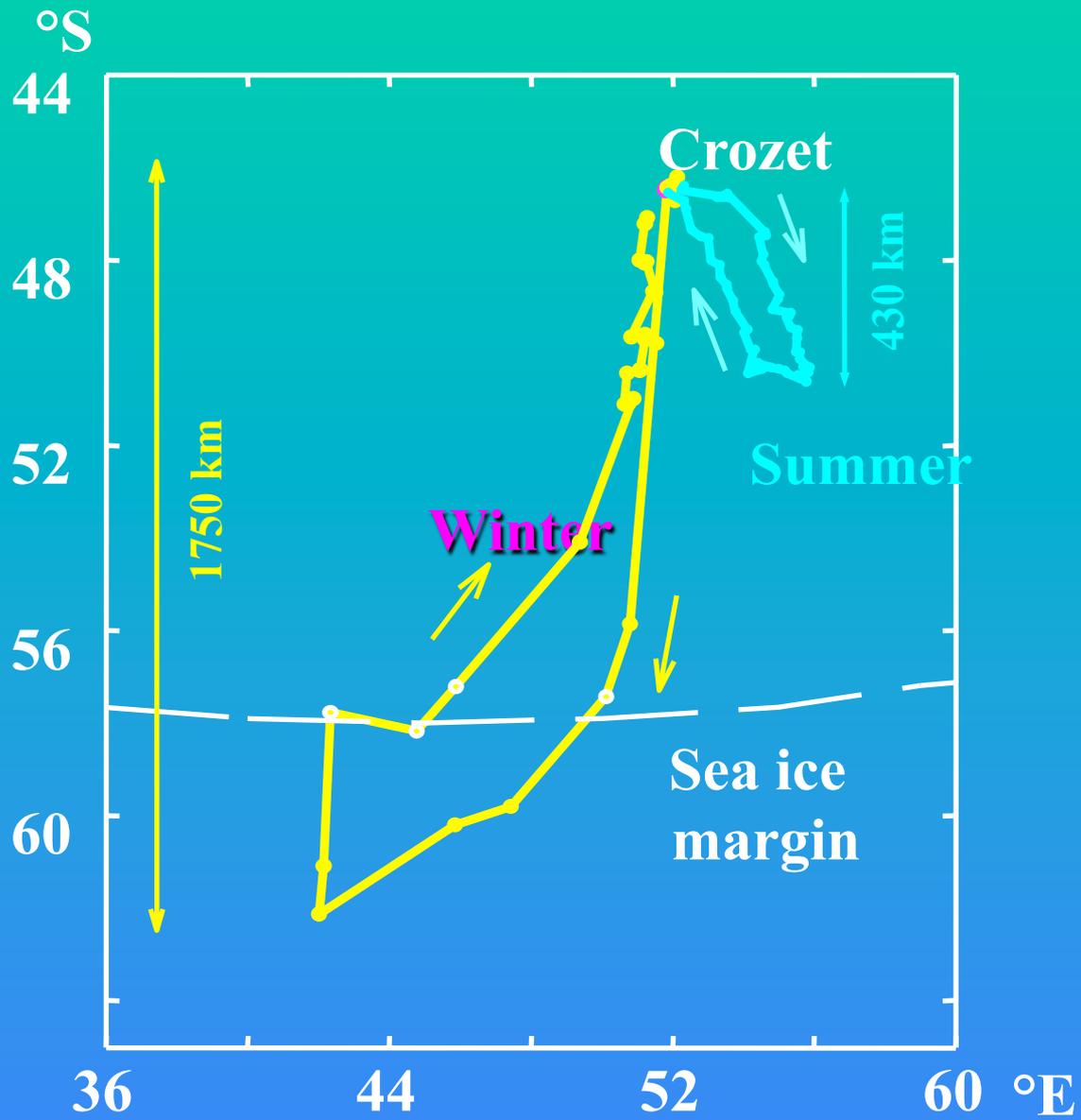


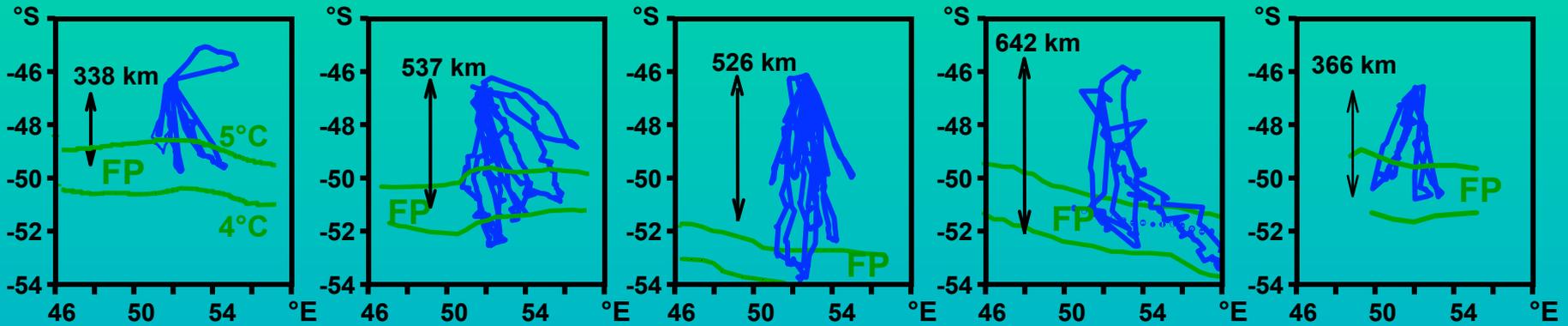












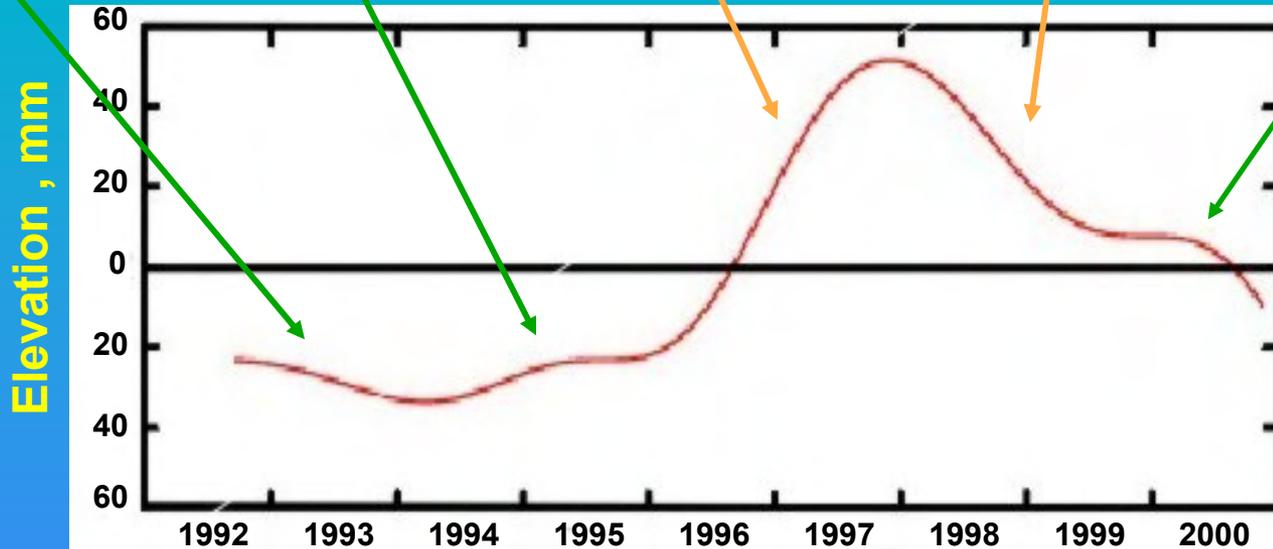
1994

1996

1997

1998

2000

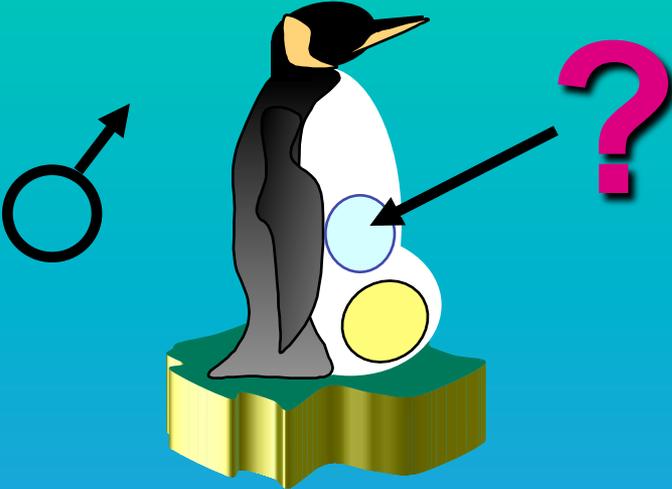


Sea level elevation at Kerguelen

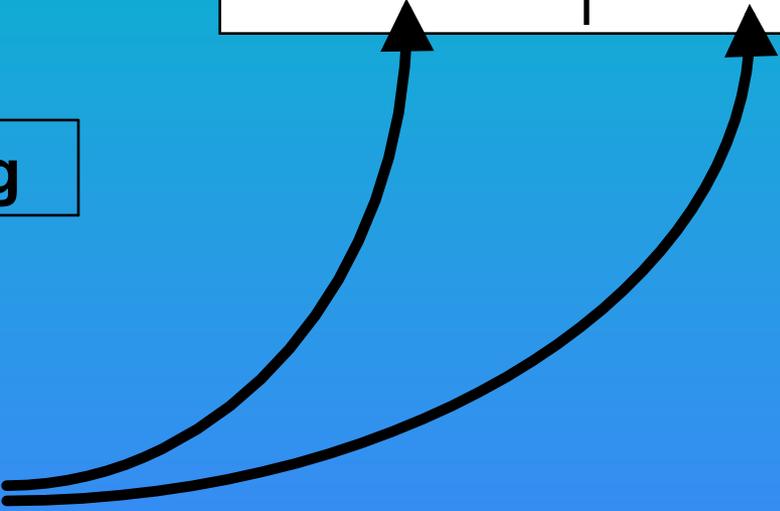
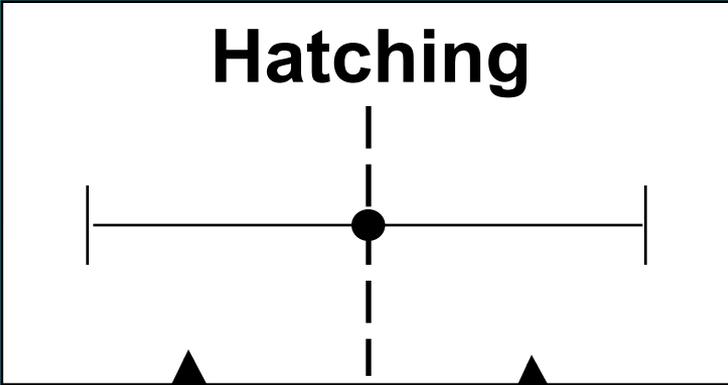
King penguins are specialist feeders

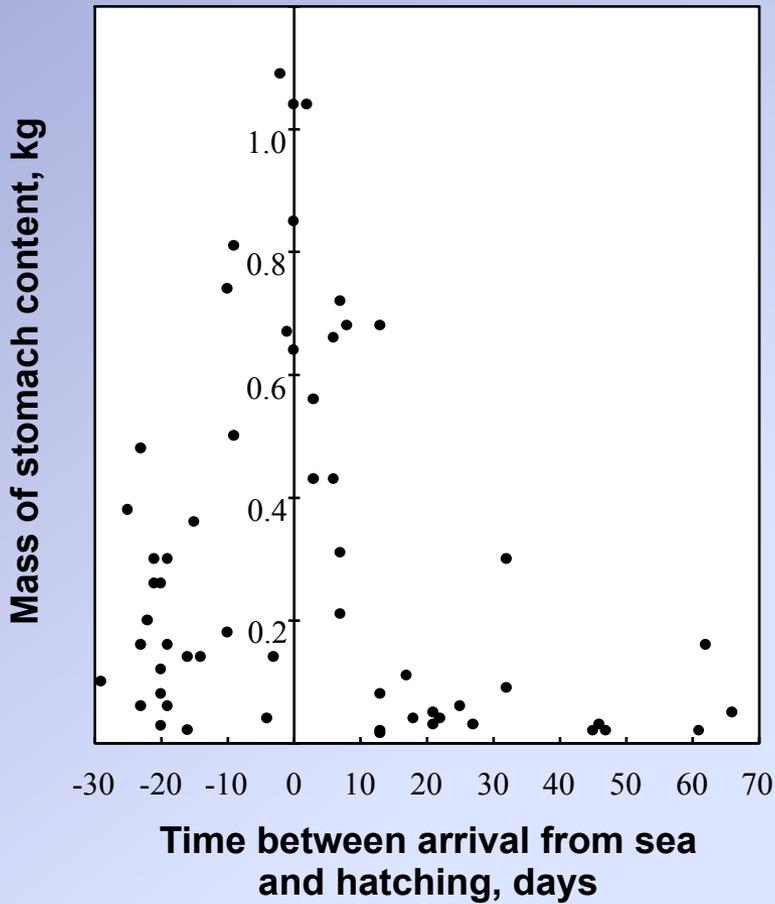
Bost & al. In prep.

# Variability in the duration of foraging trips



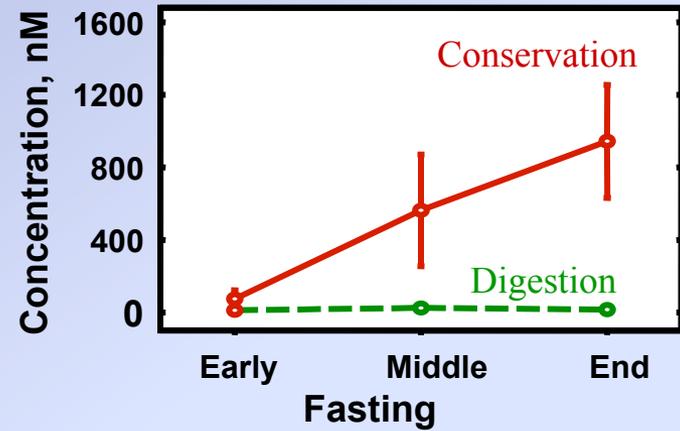
3 weeks of fasting





Gauthier-Clerc et al., Nature, 408: 928-929, 2000

## Penguin peptide

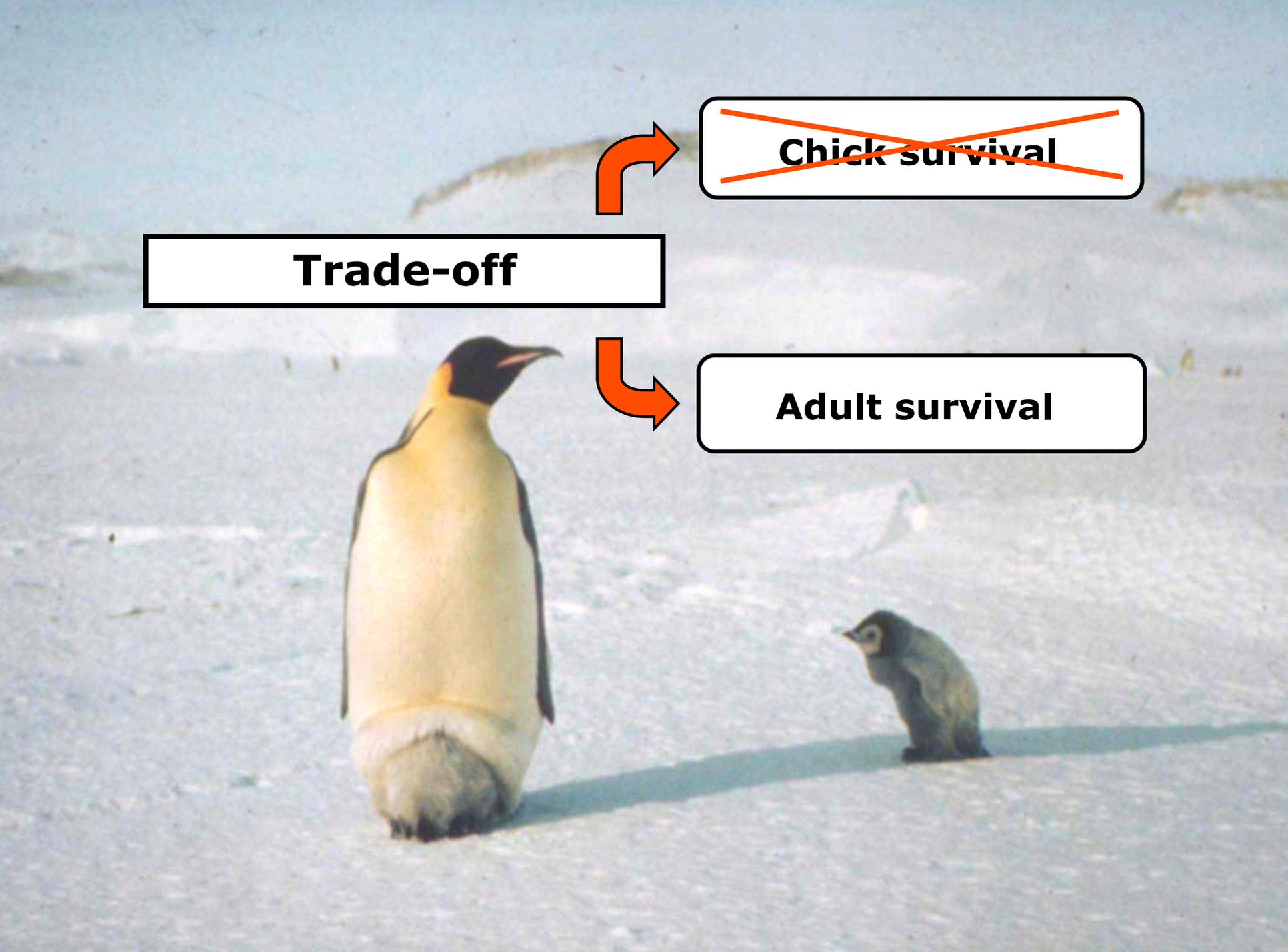


## Effects on *Aspergillus fumigatus*

Control

+ Peptide  
( $> 6 \mu\text{M}$ )

Thouzeau et al., JBC, 278: 51053-51058, 2003



**Trade-off**



~~**Chick survival**~~



**Adult survival**

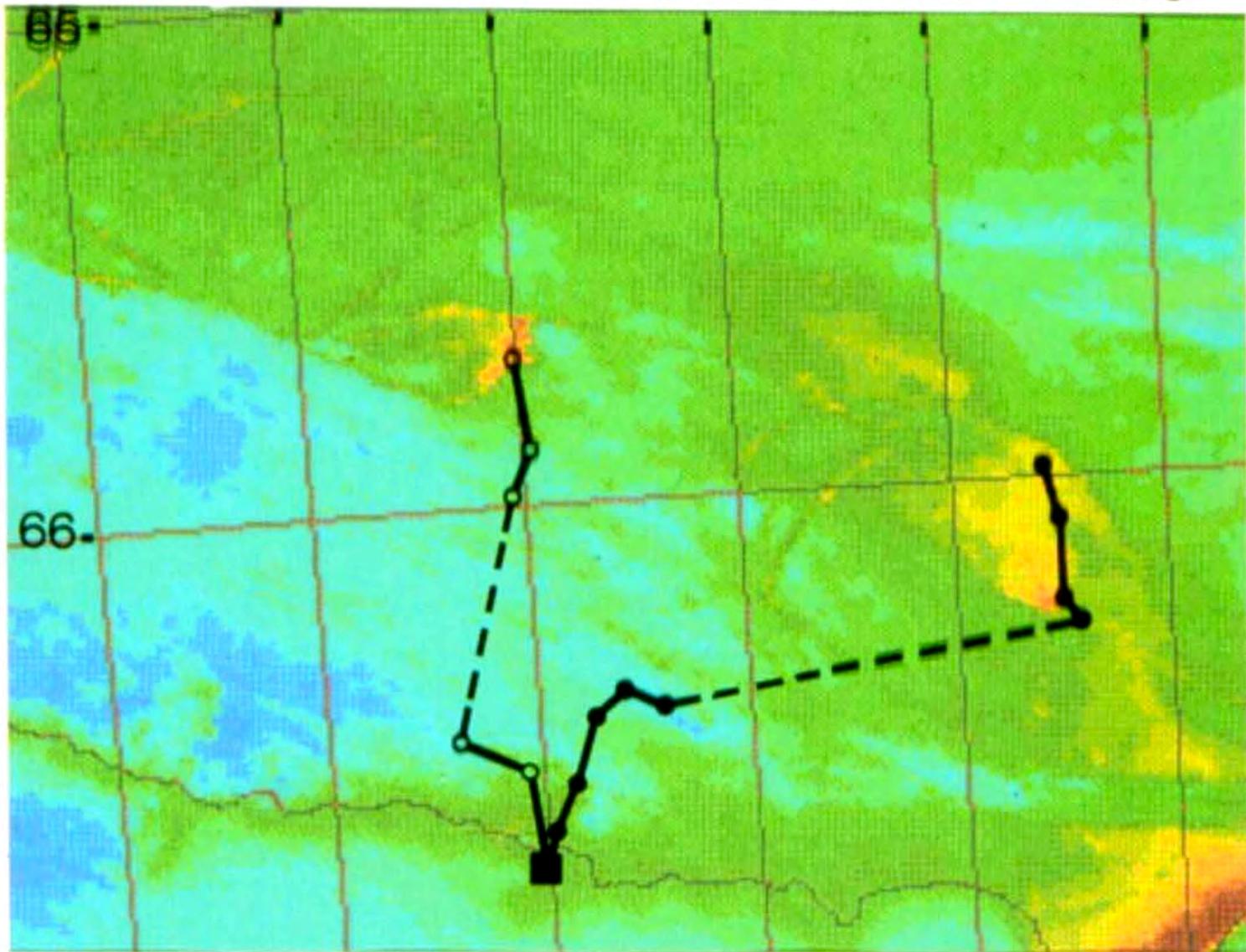
## Three phases during fasting:

- Phase I corresponds to the adaptation to a long fast.
- Phase II is a long period where body protein contributes to only 4% of the rate of energy expenditure.
- Phase III is characterized by a further rise in body protein breakdown, whereas significant lipid reserves are still available.

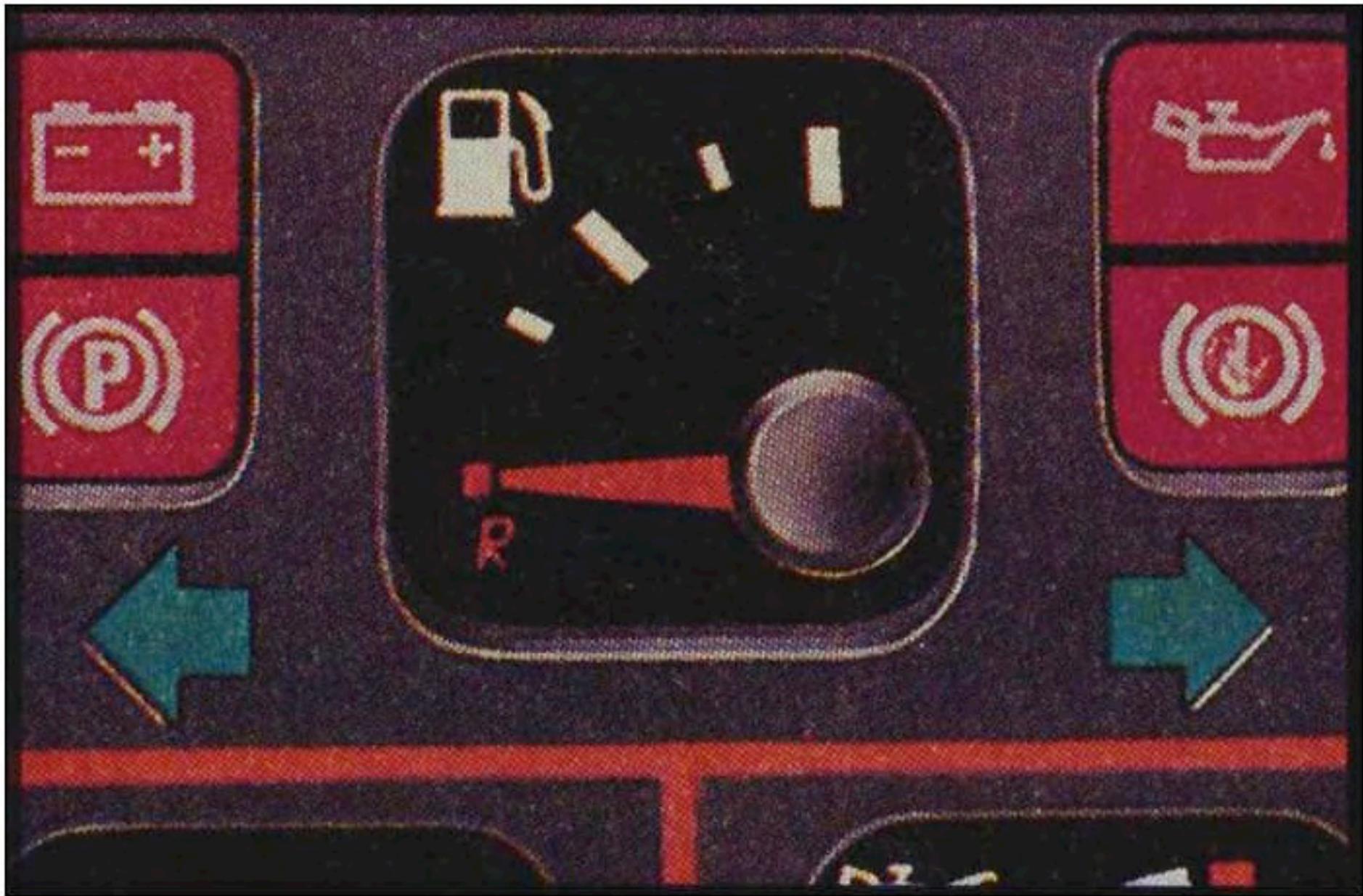
From Le Maho *et al.*, Am. J. Physiol. 1976

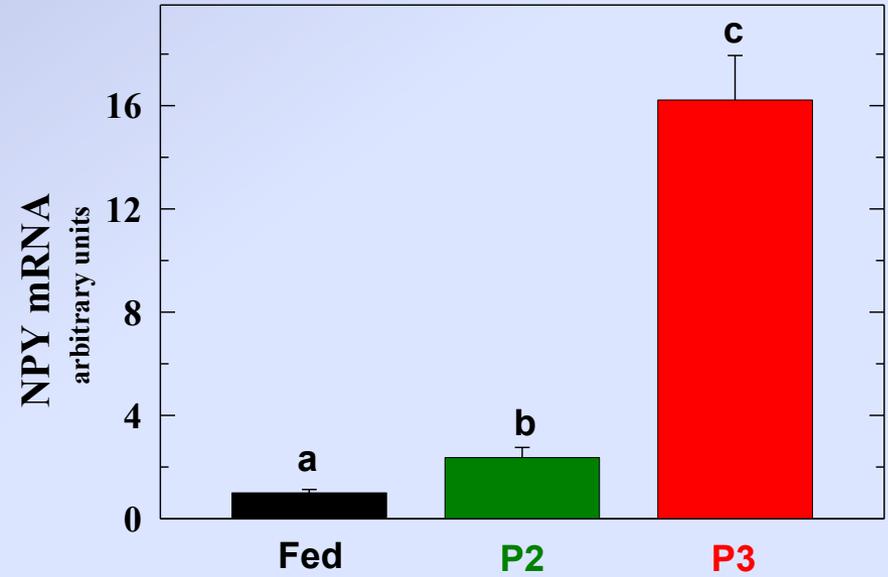
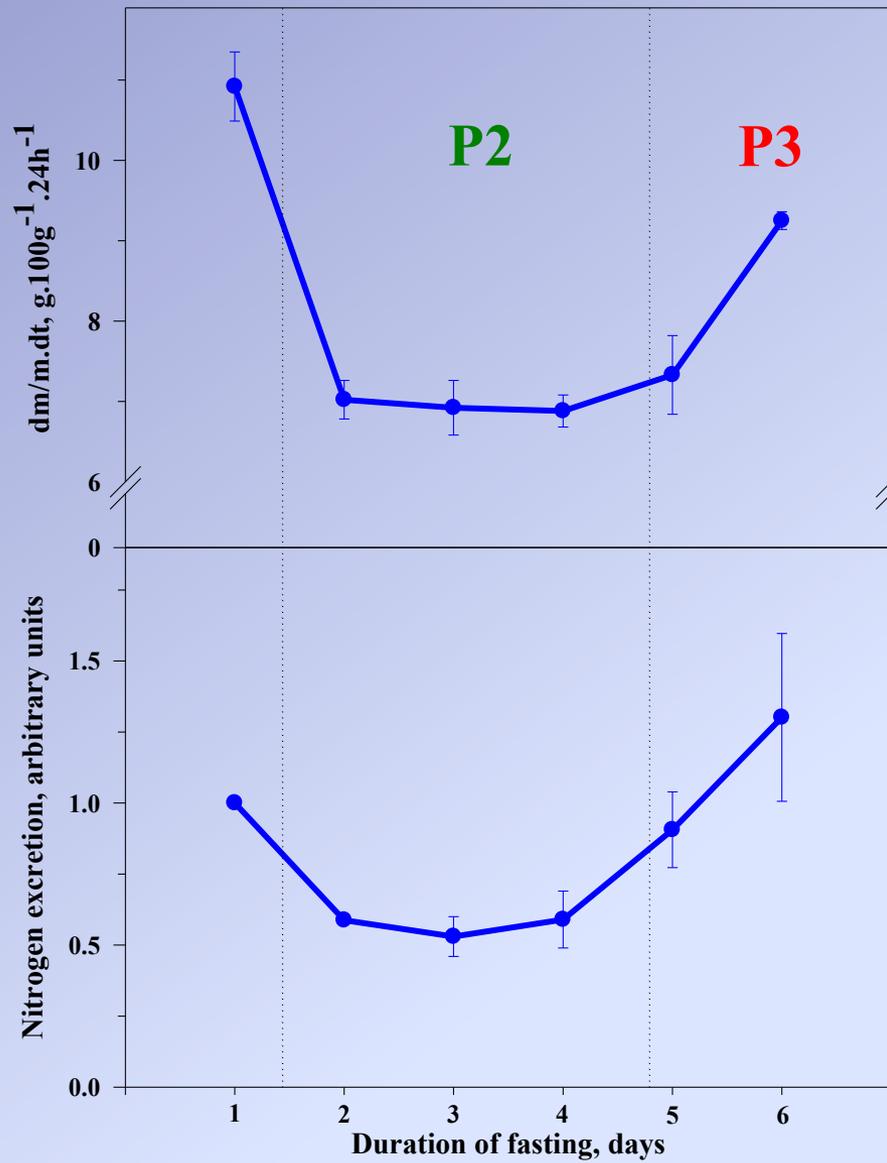
**The birds abandon their egg or chick when reaching the stage of the shift from phase II to III.**

139 140 141 142 143 East

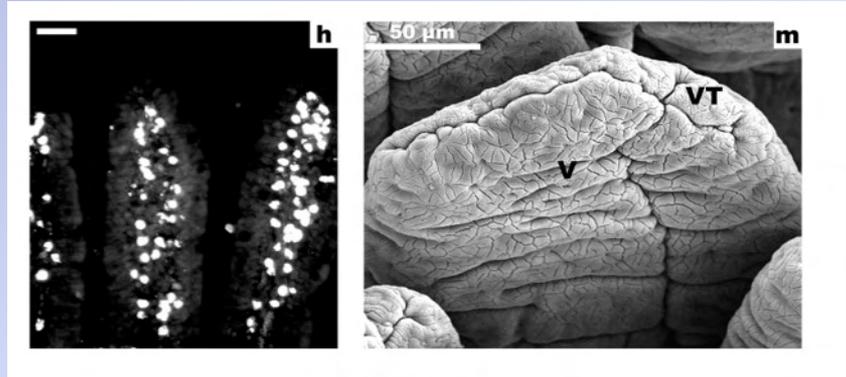
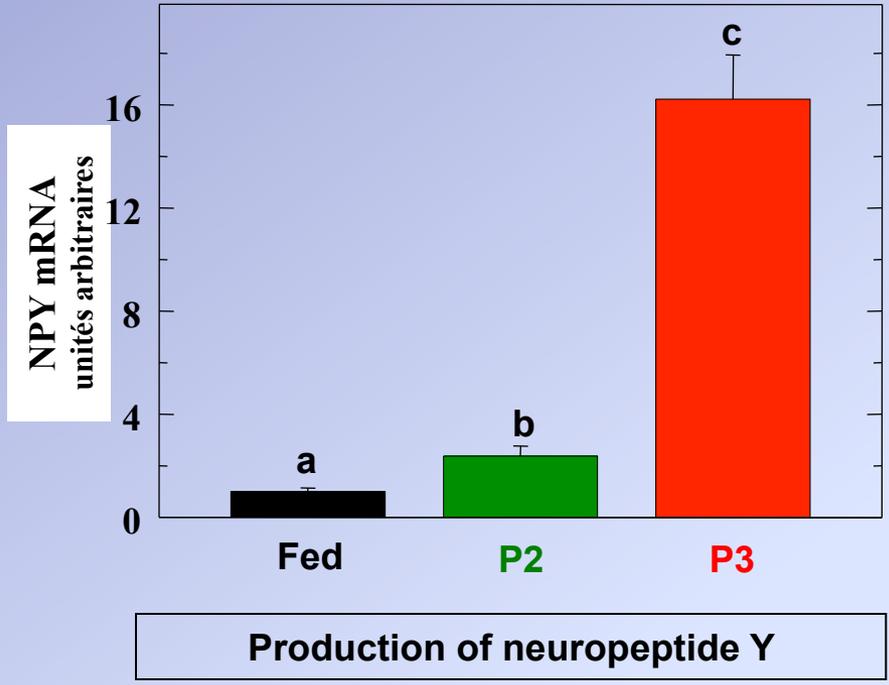


67.  
South

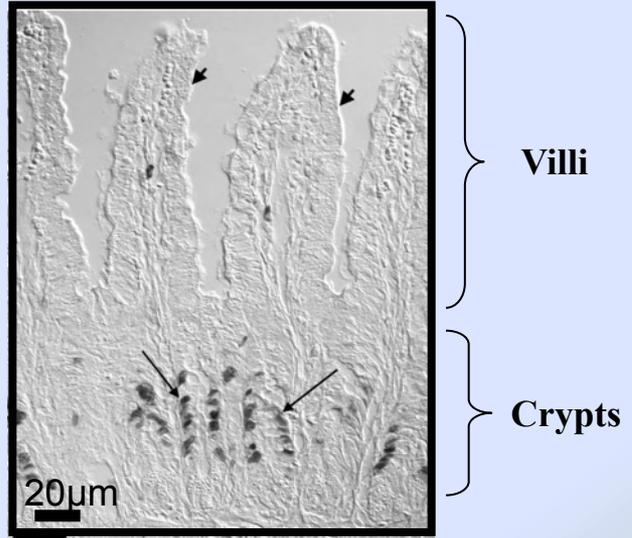




From Bertile *et al.*, BBRC, 2003



**Suppression of apoptosis**



**Cellular division**

Bertile et al., *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Com.* 2003

Habold et al., *Scand. J. Gastroenterol.* 2004 et *Eur. J. Physiol.* 2006

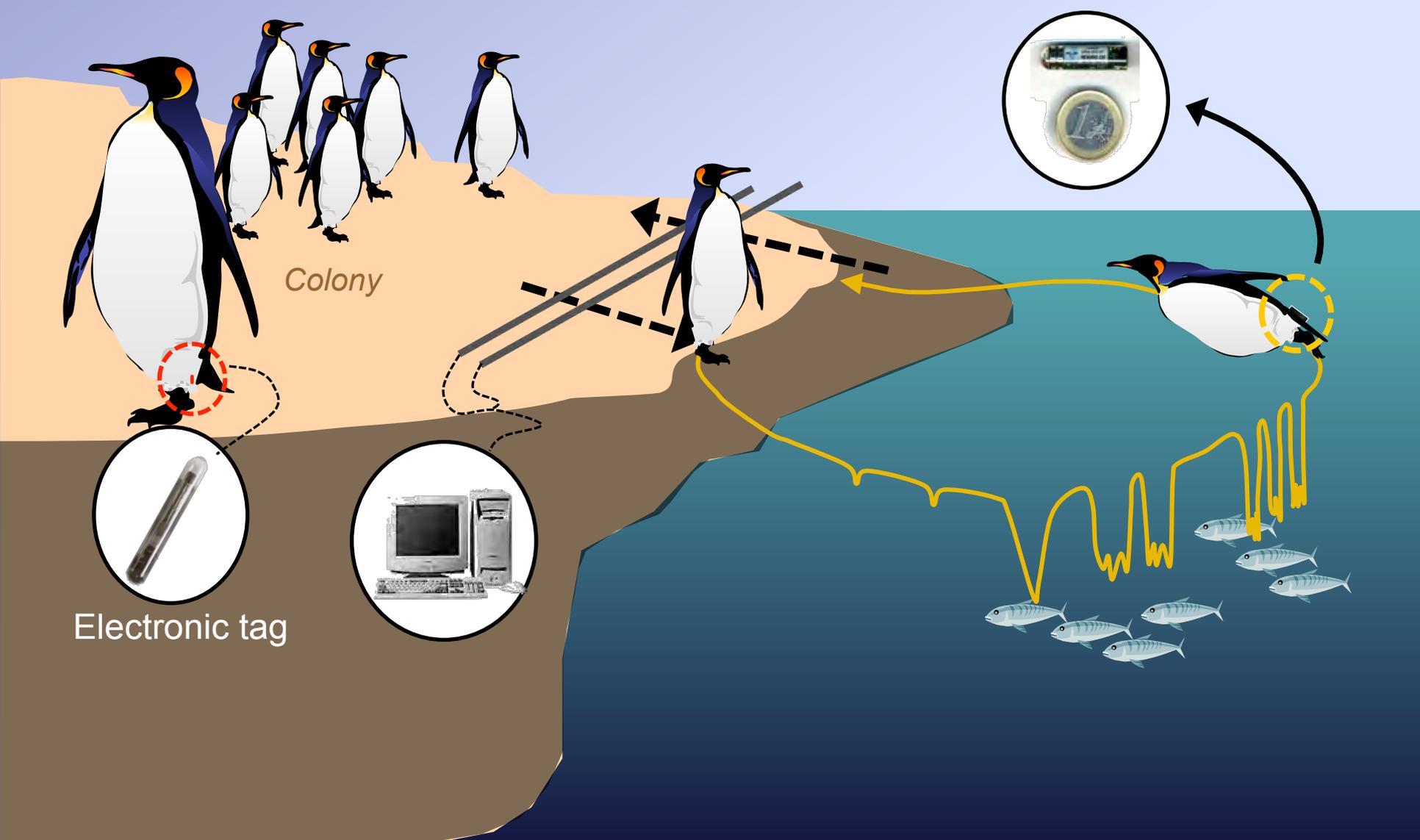
Are these behavioral  
and physiological adaptations sufficient?



**Will antarctic penguins  
survive to climate change  
according to IPCC scenarios?**

378 t

RFID + Bio-Logging



Colony



Electronic tag



# nature

THE INTERNATIONAL WEEKLY JOURNAL OF SCIENCE



## MARKED FOR LIFE

Flipper-banding reduces penguins' fitness  
and skews climate data PAGES 194 & 203

### COSMOLOGY

#### THROUGH A LENS DARKLY

Gravitational magnification  
distorts the early Universe

PAGE 191

### NATIONAL PARKS

#### CRUNCH TIME AT YELLOWSTONE

Overcrowding and cash  
shortage put heritage at risk

PAGE 150

### HAITI EARTHQUAKE

#### BUILDING FOR FAILURE

Construction industry  
corruption raises death toll

PAGE 153

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22 January 2011 £10

Vol 469, No 7229



*Flipper bands induce:*

-Longer foraging trips

-A delay in breeding

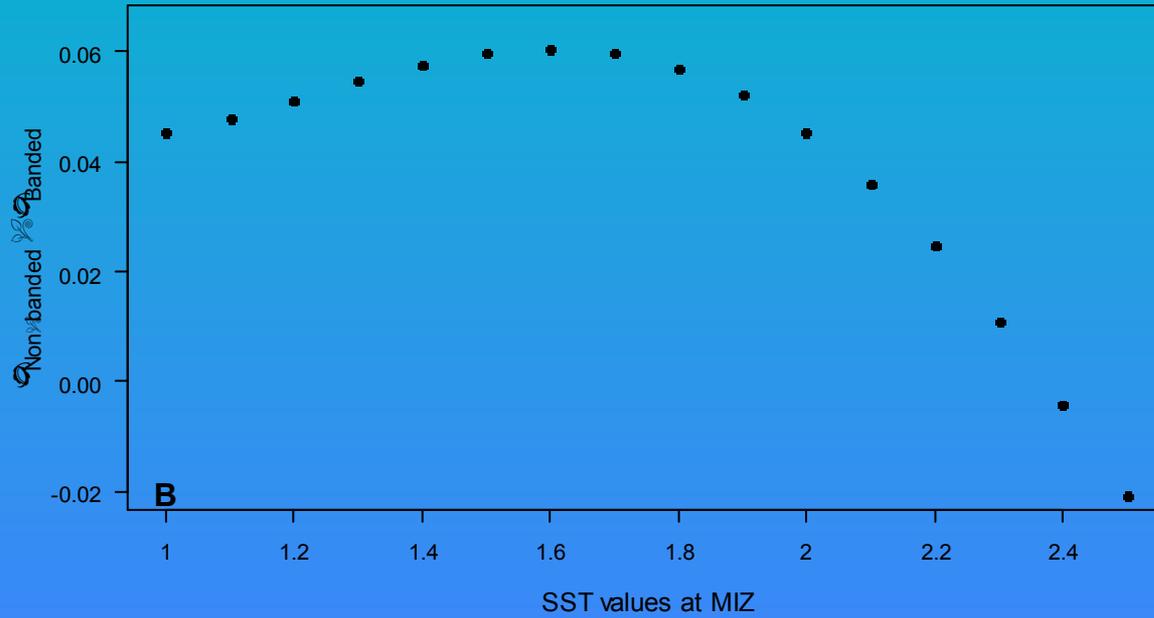
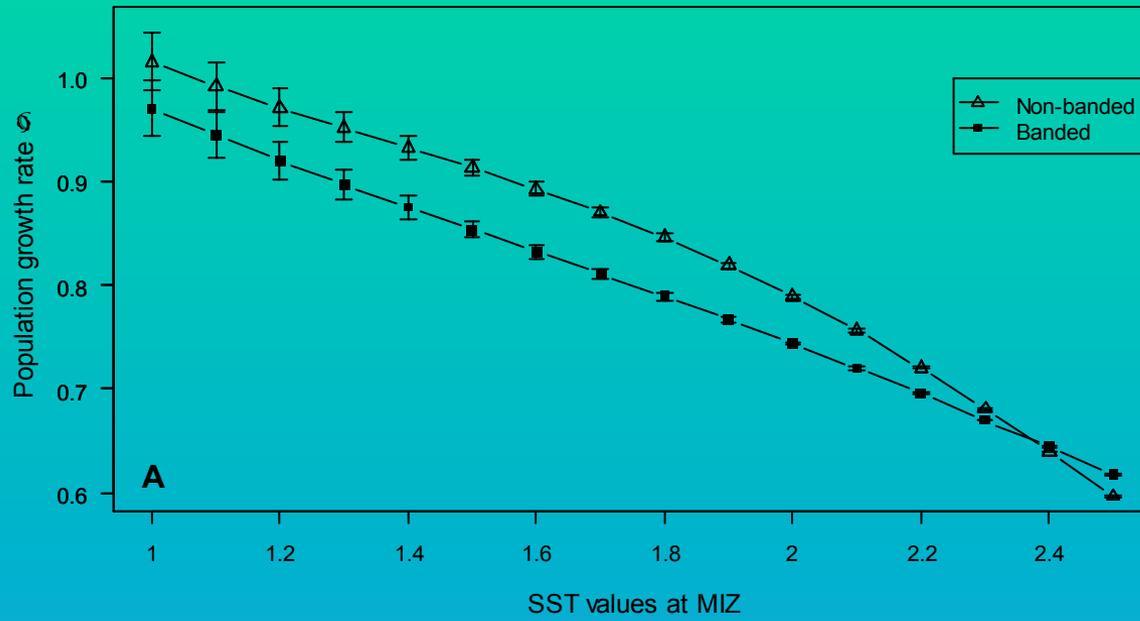
-A lower proportion in breeding

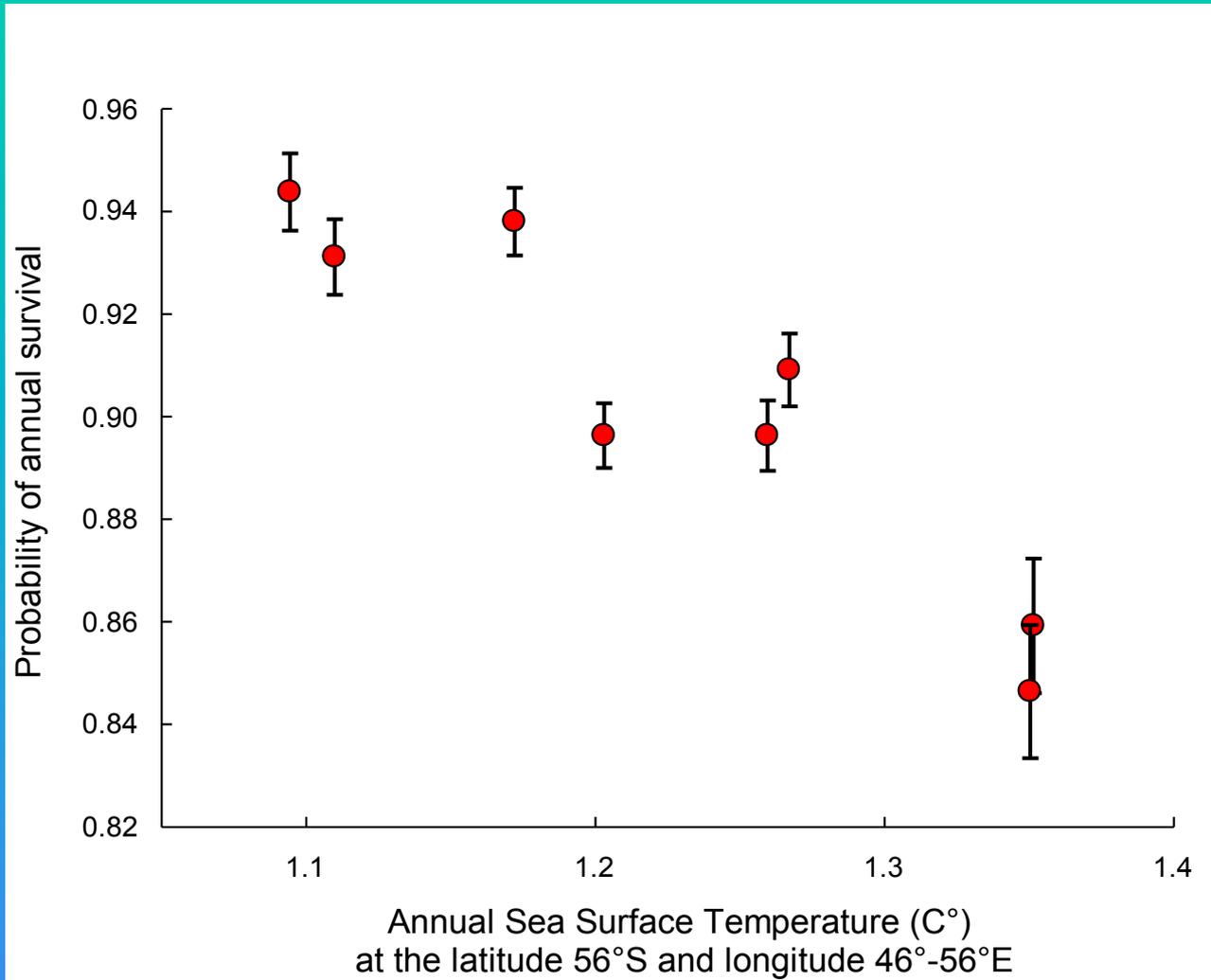
-A drop of 40% in breeding success

-A drop of 44% adult survival over 10 yr

-A drop of 50% chick survival over 3yr

Saraux et al. (2011). *Nature* 469: 203-206.





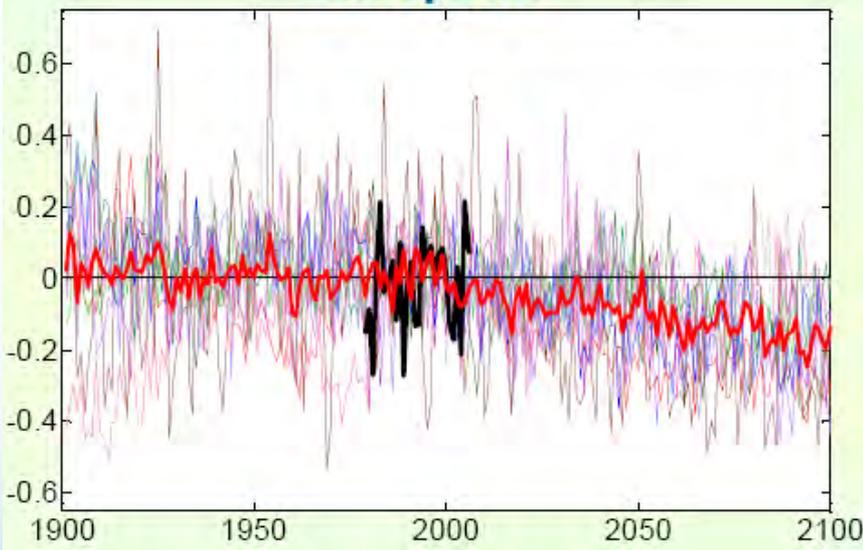
**IPCC  
prediction:  
an increase  
of 0.4°C in the  
next 20 years...**

**Le Bohec *et al.* PNAS, 105: 2493-2497 (2008).**

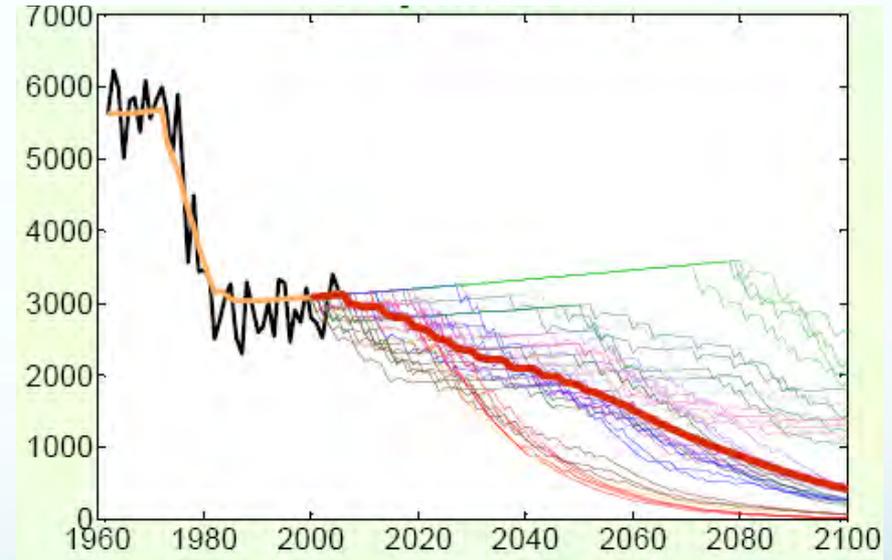
# Scenarios for the future



Models of population dynamics



Prediction of sea ice (IPCC models)



Prediction of number of couples

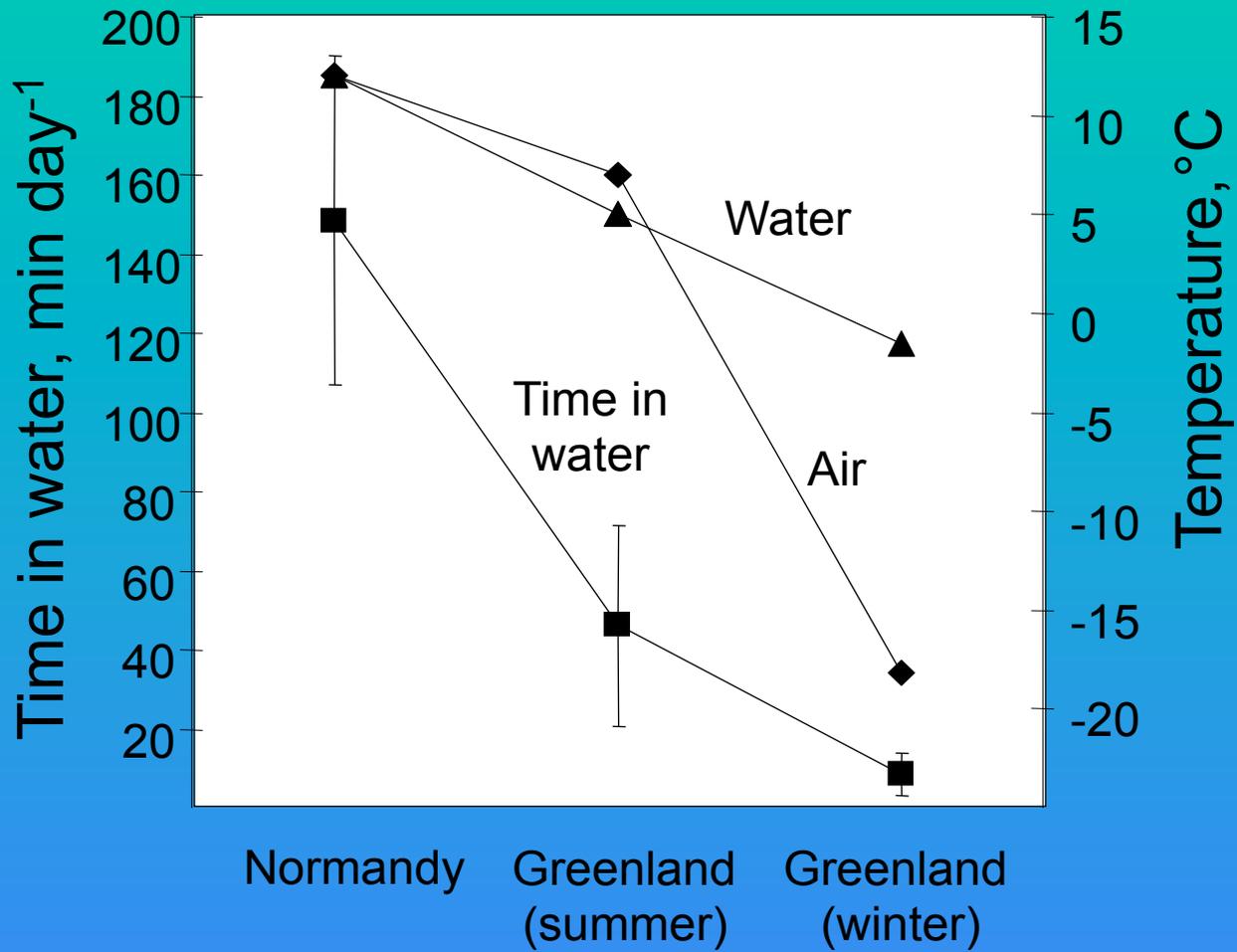
Jenouvrier et al. *PNAS* 106: 1844–1847 (2009).

**A bad time for long-lived specialized birds!**

**But what about generalists, i.e. more flexible birds?**

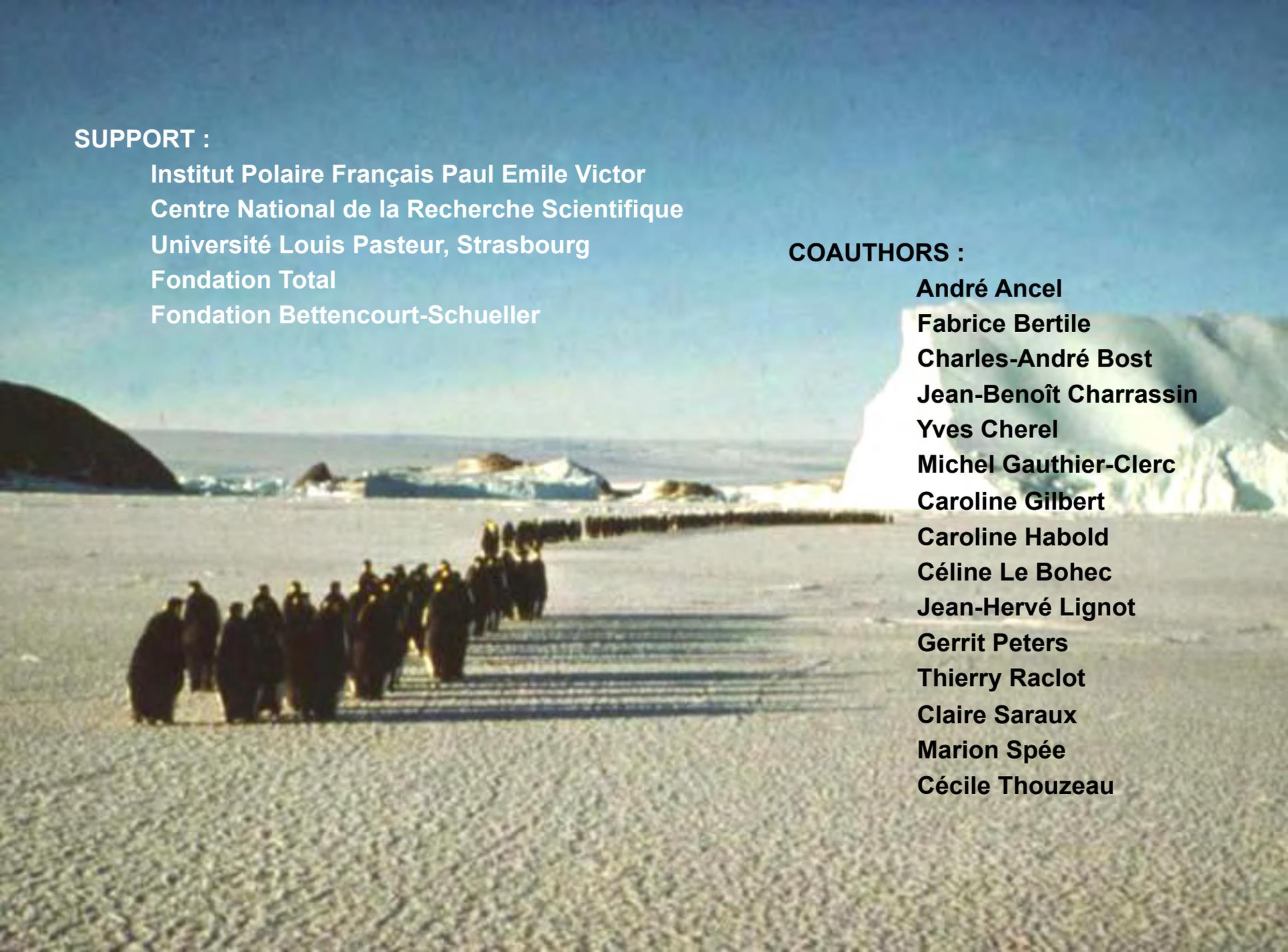






## Main messages to take home:

- Severe cold is not a problem for penguins.
- Their main problem is the effect of climate on the abundance and localization of the prey on which they rely as specialist feeders.
- A slight warming of sea temperature is sufficient to jeopardize their future.
- There is a better future for generalists.

A group of penguins is walking on a sandy beach towards the ocean. The sky is clear and blue. In the background, there are icebergs and a dark landmass on the left.

**SUPPORT :**

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