

The South Atlantic magnetic Anomaly: A magnetic window from the Earth's core to space

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www.iapso-iamas-iaga2017.com

A science is any discipline in which the fool of this generation can go beyond the point reached by the genius of the last generation.

Max Gluckman

(South African Social Anthropologist 1911-1975)







What I will show you today

A trip from the beginning of space and time to now/here

Objectives:

- 1. To assess the context (space and Earth) in which geomagnetic field and its South Atlantic Anomaly are and to introduce them to you.
- 2. To get an idea about what can happen to the geomagnetic field (& us) into the future



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- **1. From Big-Bang to now**
- 2. The Solar System
- 3. Earth as a unique planet
- 4. Earth's interior
- 5. Sun, solar wind & geomagnetic field
- 6. South Atlantic Anomaly and possible next reversal
- 7. Conclusions

1. From Big-Bang to now





H=Hubble constant 1/H= Universe age

pinterest.com

< 10¹⁰⁰=googol (Kasner 1938) How many atoms in the universe?

Possible moves of chess 10¹²³ ⁵

2. The solar system



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1 Astronomical Unit = Sun-Earth distance= 150 Million Km

1 star 8 planets >5 dwarf planets (Pluto, Ceres, Makemake, Eris, Haumea, etc.)



https://solarsystem.nasa.gov

Planets are in their own pre-ordered places (Titius-Bode Law)





3. Earth as a <u>unique planet</u>

- 1. The <u>right</u> distance from the Sun (habitable zone)
- 2. The <u>right</u> dimension



4. Inner and surface dynamics (Tectonics)

5. Earth & Moon form a "double system"

6. A planetary <u>magnetic field</u>









EARTH: a system of interconnected systems



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A unique planet... but how long for?

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- 1. Overpopulation
- 2. Pollution
- 3. Climate changes





- 4. Riduction of available resources
- **5. Decrease of biodiversity**





4. Earth's Interior Tectonics & Earthquakes



Tectonics: deformations and dislocations of

the terrestrial crust



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Plate Tectonics





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An earthquake



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An earthquake is a shake of the ground due to an abrupt energy release previously accumulated by rocks.

In a year around 100000 earthquakes occur in the world, most of them recorded only by instruments, but some tens of them can produce huge damages and death.

Seismic Waves



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The study of the seismic waves propagation allows us to know the Earth's interior



5. Sun, solar wind & geomagnetic field





http://www.madoc.mobi

Geomagnetic field: main properties

The importance of the geomagnetic field:



- •Scientific
- Practical

Vital



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6. Geomagnetic field, South Atlantic Anomaly & reversals



Analogy between magnetic dipole and current loop





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Electric Currents in the fluid outer core



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Measuring the Field Today: Magnetic Satellites



Ørsted: 1999-



http://www.ggos-portal.org

CHAMP: 2000-2010

Swarm 3-satellite [A,B & C] constellation: launched 2013-

E-pop satellite [Swarm-E] launched 2013-

CASSIOPE

Simple facts



From global energy density



Simple facts From Energy density in Antarctica (South Lat > 60 degree)

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South Atlantic magnetic Anomaly (SAA)



Origin in the deep Earth ...in the outer core as an emerging reverse magnetic flux

http://www.ngdc.noaa.gov

Time evolution of the South Atlantic Anomaly (SAA)



Time evolution maps of the geomagnetic field intensity from 1590 to 2015. The SAA extent area is given by the isoline of 32000 nT.

Spatial and temporal characteristics of the SAA at the Earth's surface (1840 - 2015):





The geomagnetic field as a critical system: An imminent geomagnetic transition?





A log-periodic singular function satisfies the behaviour in time of SAA with critical time:

when a possible critical transition might occur. **Would this be the point of no-return for a transition?**

De Santis and Qamili, NHESS, 2013

Also for the mean Global Sea Level?



t_c=2033 +/-10 years

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Reversals of the geomagnetic field



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Path of the geomagnetic pole during the last reversal 800 thousand years ago. Reversal in less than a century.

Why worry?



Cosmic Rays

- The Earth's magnetic field deflects charged particles
 - During a reversal we will have as high dosages as at high latitudes (by a factor of 2-3 w.r.t. mean latitudes)
- The Earth's atmosphere absorbs radiation
 - Higher dosages when in an aircraft



Original Photo CERN

The absence of a magnetic field reduces the capability of plants for photosynthesis

Magnetic field and Plants

Forum

From Trends in Plant Science, Jan. 2014

Magnetoreception: an unavoidable step for plant evolution?

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The geomagnetic field (GMF) is steadily acting on living systems, and influences many biological processes. In animals, the mechanistic origin of the GMF effect has been clarified and cryptochrome has been suggested as a chemical magnetoreceptor. Here we propose a possible role for the GMF variations in plant evolution. mean time between one reversal and the next has been estimated to be around 300 000 years. Because the present normal polarity started around 780 000 years ago, and significant field decay has been taking place during the past 1000 years, an imminent geomagnetic reversal would not be unexpected. The South Atlantic anomaly, a surface mani-

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Triaxial Helmholtz coils systems (A) and power controls (B) At University of Turin (Italy)

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Normal

Reversed

Other Possible Effects

- Loss of Earth's atmosphere "blown away" by the solar wind?
- This is thought to have happened on Mars but over period of a billion years
- Atmospheric changes
- Ozone depletion
- Climate change?
- Difficult to answer cloud nucleation by cosmic rays?
- Animal navigation?
- Pace of adaption







7. Conclusions

- **1. Earth is a unique planet**
- 2. Its position in the solar system has permitted life
- 3. Tectonics & Earthquakes are expression of planetary vitality
- 4. Earth's magnetic field protects us

5. South Atlantic Anomaly is a window from which solar wind and radiation can penetrate into the atmosphere

6. SAA could be a precursor of a reversal or excursion?

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Credits: images from web



Ma perché i pianeti sono a quelle distanze dal Sole? Una vecchia storia: la "legge" di Titius-Bode:



 $D_n = 0.4 + 0.3 \cdot 2^n$ $n = -\infty, 0, 1, 2, 3, ...$

$\mathbf{D}_{-\infty} = 0.4$	a (Mercurio)) =	0.39	UA	
$D_0 = 0.7$	a (Venere)	=	0.72	UA	
$D_1 = 1.0$	a (Terra)	=	1.00	UA	
$D_2 = 1.6$	a (Marte)	=	1.52	UA	
$D_3 = 2.8$	a (??)	=	2.8	UA	
$D_4 = 5.2$	a (Giove)	=	5.20	UA	
$D_5 = 10.0$	a (Saturno)	=	9.54	UA	
$D_6 = 19.6$	a (Urano)	=	19.18	UA	



Johann Elert Bode 1747-1826



Habitable zone around a star

Hot

Stars

Cool Stars

Una **zona abitabile** è quella regione intorno ad una stella ove è teoricamente possibile per un pianeta mantenere acqua liquida sulla sua superficie e quindi sostenere la vita

Dipende dalla temperatura e dalla luminosità (e dimensione) della stella stessa.

Scoperte recenti: Super Terre

Esempio della stella nana rossa Gliese 581 con 2 forse 3 pianeti abitabili (a 20 anni luce da noi)





Physical mechanisms behind the observed correlation

 \blacktriangleright <u>A first external mechanism</u>: an increase of the SAA area facilitates the inflow of charged particles from space, which implies a warming of the atmosphere and a consequent melting of major ice caps (Antarctica and Greenland) that finally causes a global increase of sea level.

> <u>A second external mechanism</u>: a possible depletion of the ozone layer in the upper stratosphere over the South Atlantic region can modify the radiative flux at the top of the atmosphere and hence cause changes in the weather and climate patterns, including cloud coverage.

> <u>The third internal mechanism</u>: a convective vigour in the outer core causes a variation of the magnetic field and an elastic deformation at the Earth's surface (Greff-Lefftz et al., 2004). Fang et al. (1996) shows that geostrophic pressure fields, derived from "frozen-flux" core surface flow estimates, produce a relative radial velocity field in the range of 0.3 mm/yr; although this value is lower than the typical changes of GSL, larger pressure effects cannot be excluded.